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Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor.

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SLANG WORDS AND PHRASES.

The Origin of "Outsider," "You're a Daisy" and "Too Thin."

"Dun" is a word whose meaning is now known to everyone who understands the English language. About the beginning of the century, says the Boston Post, a constable in England named John Dun became celebrated as a first-class collector of bad accounts. When others would fail to collect a bad debt, Dun would be sure to get it out of the debtor. It soon passed into a current phrase that when a person owed money and did not pay when asked, he would have to be "Dunned." Hence it soon became common in such cases to say: "You will have to dun So-and-so if you wish to collect your money."

Until the nomination of Franklin Pierce for the presidency the word "outsider" was unknown. The committee on credentials came to make its report and could not get into the hall because of the crowd of people who were not members of the convention. The chairman of the convention asked if the committee was ready to report, and the chairman of the committee answered: "Yes, Mr. Chairman, but the committee is unable to get inside on account of the crowd and pressure of the outsiders." The newspaper reporters took up the word and used it.

"You are a daisy," is used by Dickens in "David Copperfield" in the sense of calling a person a daisy in the way to express admiration and at the same time to laugh at one's credulity. Steerforth says to young Copperfield: "David, my daisy, you are so innocent of the world. Let me call you my daisy, as it is so refreshing to find one in these corrupt days so innocent and unsophisticated. My dear Copperfield, the daisies of the field are not fresher than you."

"Too thin" was given currency by Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia, in the United States congress in 1875. Some members had made a reply to Mr. Stephens, and the latter had his chair wheeled out in the aisle, and said in that shrill, piping voice which always commanded silence: "Mr. Speaker, the gentleman's arguments are gratuitous assertions made up of whole cloth—and cloth, sir, so gauzy and thin that it will not hold water. It is entirely too thin, sir."

Use of the Senate.

Sir John Macdonald, the first prime minister of Canada, was fond of relating this story to illustrate the need of an upper house.

"Of what use is the senate?" asked Jefferson, as he stood before the fire with a cup of tea in his hand, pouring the tea into the saucer.

"You have answered your own question," replied Washington.

"What do you mean?"

"Why did you pour tea into the saucer?"

"To cool it."

"Even so," said Washington, "the senate is the saucer into which we pour legislation to cool."—Youth's Companion.

Not to Be Taken Too Seriously.

One of the curious outcomes of Mark Twain's assertion that there are only thirty-three jokes in existence is the fact that he is constantly receiving letters from men and women who desire to refute his statement by sending him an entirely new and original joke. Taking Mark Twain too seriously is of itself a joke.

A PEASANT MATCHMAKER.

Bargained with a Son-in-Law, Then Gave Him the Wrong Girl.

Speaking of German weddings, a writer says: As a rule sons and daughters born and bred in slavish obedience do not even murmur. Amusing incidents do occur, and that quite often. One of these was comical enough to seem worth repeating. A peasant with four daughters, all of them decidedly unattractive in looks, disposed of his second and least homely one at the marriage last year. When the young fellow, however, came to the old man's house, the sly old fox led out his firstborn, five years older than the groom and enough to frighten anyone away.

Thereupon a stormy interview, a lengthy discussion, and at last after a deal of haggling an agreement was reached, simply by increasing the mature old maiden's dowry by a thousand marks ($250). And I saw this couple at the fair—cooing like turtle doves and happy as can be. Odd, isn't it? Yet that is the rule with these marriages concluded in such ultra prosaic fashion. Nearly all of them turn out well, I am credibly informed. You see these peasants from around Teltow are much like those Zola so graphically paints in his novel, "La Terre"—with souls that have no room for anything beside the thirst for more land and more gold. Or, to put it in a more complimentary way, they're not quite so finical as we city-bred people are.—N. Y. Advertiser.

Chinese Mandarins.

Chinese mandarins of the second class wear a button of coral red, suggested by a cock's comb, since the cock is the bird that adorns their breast. The third class are gorgeous, with a robe on which a peacock is emblazoned, while from the center of the red fringe of silk upon the hat rises a sapphire button. The button of the fourth class is an opaque dark purple stone, and the bird depicted on the robe is the pelican. A silver pheasant on the robe and a clear crystal button on the hat are the rank of the fifth class. The sixth class are entitled to wear an embroidered stork and a jadestone button; the seventh a partridge and an embossed gold button. In the eighth the partridge is reduced to a quail, and the gold button becomes plain, while the ninth-class mandarin has to be content with a sparrow for his emblem, and with silver for his button.

PERSONAL TALK.

MISS ELLY O'CONNELL, in religion Mother Mary Benigna, the granddaughter of Daniel O'Connell, died lately in the Ursuline convent at Waterford.

DR. IDA E. RICHARDSON, of Philadelphia, is one of the most successful women physicians of the country, her income being estimated at $10,000 a year.

REV. EDWARD DAVIS, of Oakland, Cal., is said to be an actor preacher, a word painter, a patron of the waltz, a sponsor for "bean" poker, and the most popular preacher in the city.

THE Misses Swann are three Louisville girls who have made a success as designers and carvers of choice furniture. They prepare work only on orders, and seek only the best trade. No duplications are permitted. The designs, the construction, the carving, are all done by the three sisters.

THE PESTS OF INDIA.

Insects That Render the Lives of Europeans Miserable.

Rodents That Browse Upon One's Hair and Reptiles That Are Numerous and Sociable—An Undesirable Place to Live.

"Along with the intense heat," says a returned East India traveler to a New York Sun man, "there go many varieties of noxious insects. The mosquitoes swarm the year round. Every bed is covered with a tent of mosquito netting, and it is the business of your boy, after having made the bed in the morning, to scare out all lingering mosquitoes and then draw the gauze curtains close and tuck them under the mattress. On going to bed you make a little hole in the tent, get in quickly and draw it tight again. House flies are a constant nuisance, and there are great flying cockroaches, two inches long, which sometimes bite, and at certain seasons leave their great wings lying about the house. They eat one's patent leather shoes. Flying ants, great black creatures, come in swarms and also leave their wings over everything. The centipede, an inch and a half long, and more venomous than that of this country, gets into the house and often crawls upon the sleeper. So long as one keeps still there is no danger, but the creature, if one moves, is likely to dig his claws into the flesh and make an unpleasant sore. Scorpions abound. They come out of old woodwork, and you find them in books that have long lain unused. Their bite is poisonous, and sometimes fatal.

"Along with the insects come the serpents. The cobra is the most dangerous. It seldom comes into the houses for some reason, though my small sister slept upon a pile of mats under which a sleeping cobra, was afterward found. The cobra, however, comes into the compound and often bites the natives. Europeans are seldom bitten by the cobra or other snakes, because the European goes about in boots that give the serpent notice of his coming, and also perhaps protect him from the bite. As a matter of fact serpents commonly met in India do not voluntarily go after human prey, but are probably more afraid of man than man of them. A barefooted native, treading noiselessly, gives the serpent no notice of his approach and may unconsciously step upon him, and then the creature bites in self-defense. I knew a native gardener to be bitten by a cobra. He filled himself with whisky and walked to keep himself awake. An Englishman whom I knew was bitten by a cobra, and his friends promptly applied the same remedies. They walked him all night against his drowsy protests and his earnest prayer that he be permitted to sleep. His life was saved, but he never really recovered from the shock, though he lived many years after. The bracelet snake is a familiar and venomous little wretch that takes pleasure in coiling up in one's boot during the night or in getting into the holes of one's garments. One soon learns to shake one's boots before putting them on. The natives have a curious aversion to killing snakes, and they have a superstition, shared by some Europeans, that if a cobra be slain its mate will come to avenge the act. Of course, there is no foundation for it, save perhaps that a widowed cobra comes in search of her mate and incidentally meets the slayer.

"Rats abound in India and get into houses and swarm aboard a ship. One great Indian rat, the bandicoot, with a snout like a pig, visits one's bed at night and chews the ends of one's hair. I knew a red-headed fellow on board ship who used to grease his hair with oil or bear's grease. He was visited one night by a bandicoot, and came upon deck next morning with the oddest evidence of the bandicoot's barbering. The muskrat swarms in India, gets into the houses as all sorts of wild creatures do, since the doors are merely unclosed openings. His smell is something tremendous, and when he merely crosses the cork of a soda water bottle he seems to scent the contents.

"The bite of an insect, even though slight, or a small sore of any kind that would soon heal in a temperate climate, may hang on for days or weeks in the heat of India, and a slight illness greatly weakens one. Europeans luckily seldom take the native diseases, and, though cholera is constantly present in India, it is only in cases of peculiarly widespread epidemics that it reaches the European population. There is no yellow fever there, but smallpox ravages the natives. It is amazing to see how many natives are pockmarked. The natives have small faith in European doctors, but they always take the European cholera mixture. Of course no European submits himself to a native doctor. Abscess of the liver is the great terror of the European, though the land breeze comes laden with all sorts of horrible possibilities.

"The change of climate as one goes from the coast into the mountains is like magic. On the journey up from Bombay to Materan one starts with a pocketful of Indian cigars, trichinopolis, cheap long rolls of tobacco with a straw through them that they may draw. This is because they are extremely wet, but when one reaches Materan he finds his trichiniopolis as dry as a punk. The thin atmosphere of the heights has sucked them dry of all their moisture."

IN PUBLIC LIFE.

GEORGE W. MCBRIDE, who succeeds Senator Dolph, is 41 years of age, a native of Oregon, a man of genial and attractive manners, and of unquestioned ability.

EX-GOV. RUSSELL is one of the busiest lawyers in Massachusetts. He figures very little in public dinners or gatherings of any sort nowadays, but devotes himself strictly to business.

NORMAN A. MOZELY, of Missouri, is the youngest member of the new house of representatives. He was born on a farm in 1866, and worked as a farm hand until 1887, when he had educated himself sufficiently to teach school and study law.

HON. MRS. CLARA CRESSINGHAM, one of the three feminine statesmen in the Colorado legislature, has introduced a bill in the lower house of that body to create a state board of arbitration and mediation for the purpose of settling labor troubles.

PERIL OF THE NORTH SEA.

Full of Anxiety to the Navigator and Pneumonia to the Passenger.

The passage of the North sea, or German ocean—for it is equally well known by both titles—is looked upon with dread by the navigators who have to brave its dangers, says the Boston Transcript.

The sailors of the North German Lloyd call it the Sea of Murder, in allusion to the marine disasters with which its history bristles. The captain of the liner whose destination is Liverpool feels that the perils of his voyage are practically over when he reaches Queenstown. The commanders of the sister ships of the Elbe, on the other hand, realize that the most dangerous part of their journey is yet to come, for ahead of them is the narrow and crowded English channel and the equally crowded and tempestuous North sea. These unruly waters are open to the fierce sweep of the wind that is so dreaded in Europe, that which is from the northeast. Only those who have experienced these marrow-chilling, pneumonia-breeding blasts can realize their anger and their power. The Gulf stream, which surges up the channel and around the northern end of the British Isles, meets the icy currents from the arctic regions. Storms, varied by dense fogs, result from this combination. The east coast of England forms a deadly lee shore for the shipping caught in the prevailing winds. In addition to these natural dangers, the North sea is crossed and recrossed by dozens of steamer "lanes." It is also the seat of the great herring fisheries, with their thousands of smacks and schooners that, lying at anchor here, there and everywhere, are are by no means the least of the dangers which menace the navigator. Here, too, there are hundreds of Scotch and English coasting craft, which stand well to sea to avoid the dangers of shore lines. And, lastly, the mouth of the Thames spreads funnel-like into the North sea, adding to the total perils with its fleets of incoming and outgoing vessels.

SONGS THEY SING.

How the Bee and the Katydid Make Their Music.

Many insects make a noise of some sort, at least most of them do. And as this noise is of different kind in different animals, so it is produced in different ways. Scarcely any two insects make their music in the same manner.

There is the little katydid. You all know the katydid, of course. It is in color a light green; its wings are gauzy and beautiful. Just where the wing of the katydid joins the body there is a thick ridge, and another ridge corresponding to it on the wing. On these ridges is stretched a thin but strong skin, which makes a sort of drumhead. It is the rubbing together of these two ridges or drumheads which makes the queer noise we hear from the katydid. It is loud and distinct, but not very musical, and the next time we hear the sound "Katy did! Katy didn't!" you may know this katydid is rubbing the ridges of her body together and perhaps enjoying doing it. The moment it is dark she and all her friends begin. Perhaps some of them rest sometimes, but if they do there are plenty more to take up the music.

Then there is the bee. The bee's hum comes from under its wings, too, but is produced in a different way. It is the air drawing in and out of the air tubes in the bee's quick flight which makes the humming. The faster a bee flies the louder he hums. Darting back and forth, he hums busily, because he can't help it, until presently he lights on a flower or even a fence, and all at once he is still again.

LEARNING BY SIGHT.

The Marvelous Work of a Modeler from Memory.

Danton, the celebrated caricaturist, had a wonderful power of modeling from memory. After one long look at his subject, he could go to his studio and make a bust quite perfect in its resemblance.

One day a young man came to him, saying that his sister was ill and about to die, and that, although the family wished her bust modeled, they dared not excite her by mentioning it. Would he undertake to reproduce her features after seeing her once? Danton agreed, and next day the brother informed his sister that he intended to present her with some jewels, and that a young man would bring some specimens for her approval.

Danton brought in the jewels, and, going home, modeled a bust of striking resemblance. Next year an old gentleman, the father of the young woman, came to order a bust of the brother, who also had died. This, too, was a marvelous success.

The result of such planning, however, was not always as satisfactory to his patrons as in these cases. A gentleman who could not persuade his wife to sit asked Danton to enter a certain omnibus one day, and fix in his memory the features of the lady opposite him.

He did so, modeled a beautiful bust, and sent it home. It proved, however, to be, not the mistress, but the maid, who had also taken the trip in the omnibus.

Quarrying Granite by Fire.

At Bangalore, in southern India, granite slabs as large as sixty by forty feet and a half foot thick are quarried by means of wood fires. A narrow line of fire, about seven feet long, made of dry logs of light wood, is gradually lengthened and moved forward over an even surface of solid rock. It is left in position till strokes with a hammer show that the rock in front of the fire has become detached from the main mass beneath; the burning wood is then pushed on a few inches. The rock keeps splitting about five inches below the surface. It takes about eight hours and one thousand five hundred weight of wood to set free a slab measuring seven hundred and forty square feet. Afterward the plate is easily cut with blunt chisels into strips two and one-half feet wide.

Snow in Tropical Africa.

When Stanley in 1888 crossed the dark continent in search of Emin, the natives reported the mountain Rowenzori as covered with white metal. When they reached the eternal snow they reveled in the novel phenomenon, but would not go further when they found the snow would melt, for they thought the mountain bewitched.

SOME REMARKABLE PETS.

Weird Yarns of the Sagacity of Dumb Animals Told in the Newspapers.

A good thing may be carried to excess, and too earnest and persistent a dwelling on the importance of the minor virtues sometimes has an effect contrary to that intended. A little girl who is uniformly kind to animals, and who has been known to make the tour of an extensive neighborhood, much overloaded with an armful of sacred and clawing stray cat, which she declined to relinquish until she could do so in the assurance that her burden had found a good home, was heard to exclaim the other day with indignant emphasis:

"I'm so tired of 'our dumb animals' and 'sagacious pets' and 'the friends of man,' that I believe I shall pull the cat's tail as soon as I get home and tie a tin can to the puppy's!"

She did neither, having sufficiently relieved her feelings in the outburst, but it is not hard to sympathize with her. Our pets are doubtless often sagacious and often interesting, but for a change, says a writer in Youth's Companion, one would like occasionally to hear of a noble Newfoundland that was born idiotic or a feeble-minded kitten that did not know cream from soapsuds.

The irrepressible "funny man" of the newspapers, however, is not yet weary of animal sagacity. On the contrary, he has recently furnished some striking examples which we give below, merely suggesting that if the reader does not enjoy caricatures he had better pass them by.

Not long ago, he tells us, a gentleman in India owned a tame snake of a harmless kind, of which he was very fond and which returned his affection. On one occasion, at the approach of a dangerous tropical thunderstorm, the intelligent reptile overheard its master expressing his fears, and proved instantly equal to the emergency. Wriggling swiftly to the hearth, it ran up the chimney and stood on its head at the top, with its tapering tail elevated toward the clouds. The lightning rod thus improvised answered the purpose perfectly, and the peril was averted.

Again, a gentleman in New York was the proud possessor of a beautiful and amiable tortoise shell cat, notable alike for feline sounds and sound feline sense. One tempestuous night her owner, returning late and weary, could not find a bootjack and was unable to get off his heavy, wet boots. Pussy understood the situation immediately, and running lightly downstairs slipped out of doors, and mounting the clothes drier emitted her very best howl—loud, long drawn, melancholy and moving. At once a shower of bootjacks rained down from the windows of irate neighbors, and she had but to select the most suitable one and carry it in her mouth to her master's feet. She now wears a silver dollar in commemoration of her sagacity.

The third pet, the funny man declares, belonged in London. He was a pug dog, who, becoming accidentally separated from his master and losing his way in the great metropolis, entered a cab which he observed standing by the curbstone, and refused to leave it until driven to the address on his collar!

AMERICAN FOOD AND COOKING.

Some Remarkable Statements in a Recent French Review Not Borne Out by Facts.

The ignorance of French writers who treat of matters relating to the United States is generally very much in evidence. One of them in a recent issue of the Revue Scientifique, writing upon the subject of our edible turtles and incidentally of cookery in this country, makes the statement that green turtles are taken in the neighborhood of New York—from there to Florida. He also asserts that it is only in aliments of aquatic origin that our food products are superior to those of Europe, that our fishes are abundant and generally good, but that our culinary treatment of them is inferior. As regards our meats, poultry and game, the Frenchman dismisses them as little worthy of attention. Of the first two it may be conceded, says the New York Sun, that the average quality is not so high as in France. His estimate of our game is probably based upon the condition in which it reaches European markets, where it is sold in large quantities in the close season here. This estimate is not a fair one, inasmuch as almost all of our game which goes abroad has, previous to shipment, been held for months in cold-storage warehouses, to its deterioration both in quality and flavor. As regards our native cookery, the French writer asserts that there is not much in it to tempt a European particularly, and especially a Frenchman. While this may be true concerning the country at large, an exception must be made in favor of the native cookery of Maryland and eastern Virginia and that of the creole population of Louisiana, which, within its compass, is second to none. The fact must not be lost sight of that in the last decade culinary skill with us has made great advances, the results of which would not be apparent to a superficial foreign observer. A case in point illustrative of our progress in this direction is offered in the alimentary department of our exchanges for woman's work. Within the restrictions which it imposes, the edibles there on sale, the work of native feminine bread winners, are promptly bought by discriminating purchasers, so far are they superior to foreign preparations of a similar character.

WORDS FROM GREAT MINDS.

ELOQUENCE is vehement simplicity.—Cecil.

ALGEBRA is the metaphysics of arithmetic.—Sterne.

GOOD order is the foundation of all good things.—Burke.

WHAT'S gone and past help should be past grief.—Shakespeare.

OPPOSITION inflames the enthusiast never converts him.—Schiller.

LET France have good mothers and she will have good sons.—Napoleon.

ONLY actions give life strength; only moderation gives it a charm.—Richter.

NATURE is too thin a screen; the glory of the One breaks in everywhere.—Emerson.

PASSION, in its first violence, controls interest, as the eddy for awhile runs against the stream.—Johnson.

MODESTY is proportioned to the occasions of life, and strongest in youth when passion is so too.—Jeremy Collier.

A BURGLAR'S CONFESSION.

Women and Dogs Bother Him More Than Men Who Try to Shoot.

A man signing his name "E. Randolph Higginson, of Boston," who admits that he has been committing burglaries in Atchison of late, sends the following card of thanks to this office, says the Atchison Globe:

"Although my receipts in Atchison have been comparatively small, I would not have the citizens think me ungrateful, and hereby extend thanks for what little I take away from the town. My stay in your city has been pleasant, and I have been treated with such courtesy by the best people that I may return at another time. I have enjoyed very much the visits to some of your homes, and my only regret is that I did not have my wife along to enjoy the fun. I regret to notice that Jim Waggener values the watch I took from his residence at fifty dollars. If he really paid this amount for the watch he was robbed and ought to crack down on the dealer who sold it to him. I tried to pawn the watch in St. Joe, but was only offered two dollars and seventy-five cents for it.

"It is a shame for a good citizen to be robbed in this manner. I was talking to a policeman a few days ago who informed me that the ladies of Atchison do not bring flowers and pie and cake to prisoners in the county jail. Accordingly I gave the officers no opportunity to arrest and keep me in the county jail for a time on suspicion. I don't know whether I ought to give away professional secrets or not, but will say that the gleaming dagger some claim to have seen me brandishing was really an icicle. During the twenty years I have been in the business I have never injured a human being. I have too much respect for the teachings of the Bible to do such a thing. I never have any trouble from the men, notwithstanding their talk of shooting me full of holes. The only trouble I ever have is from screaming women and barking dogs. Before closing I must say that the people should not censure me too severely. They must remember that all the goods I take are second-handed."

CALIFORNIAN GOSSIP.

A BROTHER of President Dole, of Hawaii, is a fruit-grower at Riverside, Cal.

CALIFORNIA'S trade with the far islands of the South Pacific is steadily growing.

THE Californians are almost solidly in favor of the annexation of Hawaii. San Francisco's trade with Hawaii is very large.

THE California legislature has passed a bill regulating the hours of labor in the logging camps, and otherwise protecting the laborers.

LOS ANGELES claims to have recovered from the ill effects following the collapse of the great boom there, and is now growing steadily.

MOUNT WHITNEY, in California, is believed to be the highest mountain in the United States outside of Alaska. Its height is about 14,900 feet.

GOLD mining has had a great revival in California, the product last year having risen to $12,000,000. Money has come recently from Europe for investment in California gold mines.

SAN FRANCISCO now claims a population of 350,000, exclusive of its suburbs. It is five times as large as Los Angeles and Portland, Ore., which are the next largest cities on the Pacific coast.

CALIFORNIA people claim that their state could support 20,000,000 people with the resources of its own soil. They think that if they had more railroads to the east their population would increase much faster.

THERE are still great unexplored tracts among the lofty mountains of California, and every year the explorers find new waterfalls and precipices and valleys and canyons of surpassing beauty and grandeur.

FAVORITE SONGS.

"THE CAMPBELLS ARE COMIN'" is a very old Scottish air. Copies of it, dating back to 1620, are known to exist.

"BEGONE, DULL CARE," is over three hundred years old. The melody was formerly known as "The Queen's Jig."

"ONE BUMPER AT PARTING" is one of the best of Moore's convivial songs. The tune was called "Moll Roe in the Morning."

"BINGEN ON THE RHINE" was written by Mrs. Caroline Norton. The music was composed by Judson Hutchinson about 1848.

"WHO'LL BE KING BUT CHARLIE?" came from the pen of Carolina Oliphant. The air is from a collection of old Scottish ballads.

"O BOYS, CARRY ME LONG" was one of Foster's later songs. It was written in 1851, and immediately attained a wide popularity.

"THOSE EVENING BELLS," one of Moore's most popular songs, was suggested by a melody entitled "The Bells of St. Petersburg."

"WAKE NICODEMUS," a very popular song during the war, was written by Henry C. Work, the author of "My Grandfather's Clock."

"THE SWORD OF BUNKER HILL" came from the pen of William Ross Wallace, a Kentuckian. The music was the work of Bernard Covert.

IN THE LITERARY SET

JULES VERNE, who is now seventy-eight years of age, thinks Charles Dickens the greatest English novelist.

QUEEN VICTORIA is thinking of creating a literary order for England. It was an idea formed by the prince consort two years before his death.

THE last daughter of Bettina von Arnim, the friend of Goethe, died a few days ago in Berlin, aged seventy-seven. She was married to Count Maximillian von Oriola, and was a great favorite of the poet in her youth.

IT seems that the name of the mountain in whose crest Stevenson's grave is cut is not Pala, as some of the telegrams from Samoa have indicated. The real name of the hill is Vaea, with the three vowels pronounced separately, as in Italian, and the accent on the e.

OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES did not receive the degree of master of arts until nine years after the degree of doctor of laws had been conferred upon him by his alma mater and three years after he had been honored with the highest titles by Edinburgh, Cambridge and Oxford.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - - APRIL 26, 1895.

The advance in the price of beef has been followed by a rise in leather and shoes.

Mrs. Delia T Parnell, mother of the late Charles Stewart Parnell, living at Ironside, N. J., was brutally and, perhaps, fatally assaulted and robbed one day last week.

A concurrent resolution has been adopted by the house at Harrisburg, fixing Thursday, May 23, at noon, as the time for final adjournment. It is thought the senate will not agree to the resolution.

According to a medical paper in Germany the man who loses both his hands in an accident can claim the whole of his life insurance money, if he be insured, on the ground that he has lost the means of maintaining himself. A loss of the right hand reduces the claim from 70 to 80 per cent. of the total.

In the senate at Harrisburg, a bill has been presented providing for the employment of persons sentenced to simple imprisonment in county jails at such work about the county buildings and grounds as the county commissioners may direct. The bill allows the sheriff a maximum of 25 cents an hour for his services in guarding prisoners while so employed.

The widow of Daniel Bitting, of Maxatawney township, Berks county, has brought an action against the township for $10,000 damages by reason of the death of her husband on the 20th of November last. It was developed at the coroner's inquest that while he was driving over a bridge on his way home at night he was thrown over the side of the structure with his team and killed. It is claimed that the accident was due to the neglect of the township to provide a guard at the sides of the bridge.

The postmaster general, on Friday amended the postal laws and regulations regarding holidays. The amendment states that postmasters may observe as holidays January 1 February 22, May 30, July 4, the first Monday in September, known as "Labor Day" December 25, and such other days as the president of the United States, or the governors of the respective states may designate as fast or thanksgiving days or proclaim specially as holidays.

On other occasions their offices can be closed only after permission obtained therefor from the department. Upon holidays postoffices must be opened sufficiently to meet fairly the public convenience. Mails must be made up and dispatched as on other days.

When a legal holiday falls upon a Sunday the following Monday may be observed, unless otherwise specially provided for by the state authority.

Ex Senator H. P. Laird, of Greensburg, who has made a careful study of the income tax law, has discovered questions involving the constitutionality of the act. The senator says:

All share holders of stock in the banks or railroads and other corporations paying dividends, under the operation of the act of congress will pay the tax of 2 per cent., whether their income exceeds $4,000, or whether it fall below that sum, if derived solely from the dividends of such institutions. These corporations will pay the tax and deduct it from the dividend, which is the same as though each individual shareholder should pay it himself. If any has an income of $5,000, no part of which is derived from such corporations or from state or municipal bonds, the internal revenue department will allow him to deduct $4,000 from his income and only pay a tax of 2 per cent. on $1,000. If a widow has an investment of $2,000 in any of these corporations, paying her a 6 per cent dividend, or $120 per annum, and this is all the income she has, she must pay a tax of $2.40 on this income.

Good oleomargarine, says the Philadelphia *Record*, cannot be differentiated from good butter either by the sense of sight or smell or taste. Good oleomargarine is as much better than poor butter as good butter is better than soap grease. These are facts which the legislature cannot repeal. It is folly, and worse than folly, to fight against new chemical or mechanical discoveries which enable men to improve and increase the means of living and to turn waste substances to use and profit. The effect of putting an embargo on the consumption of the oleomargarine in one part of the country is to drive the product into other parts of the country and into the foreign markets upon which we depend for the sale of any surplus we may have of butter. Competition is not destroyed. The general average of prices depends upon the general average in all the markets; and unless oleomargarine can be kept out of all markets, or unless its manufacture can be successfully prevented by legal pains and penalties, it is a mere waste of effort to bar its sale in Pennsylvania.

It is right enough, and proper enough, to make regulations forbidding the sale of oleomargarine as butter; and to sell it for butter is a fraud. Those who buy butter should get it. But oleomargarine is a wholesome and palatable substitute for butter, and it is an outrage to either interdict its sale or its manufacture. Despite all restriction, it goes into surreptitious use. Even the butter-makers enrich and cheapen their product with oleo (oil), and sell it for butter without any special qualms of conscience.

There is neither ordinary business sagacity nor good morals in the legislation which keeps out of Pennsylvania a wholesome food product, and rears up among us a pestilent brood of spies and informers.

The back number up street produces an array of figures to prove that the expenditures of Cambria county were larger in 1894 than in 1893, which is correct, and has not been disputed or stated otherwise by us.—*Gosling*.

We did nothing of the kind. We produced the array of figures to show that the assertion of the *Gosling* "that the high tax rate of four mills county tax, assessed for the years 1894 and 1895" "was made necessary to pay the bills contracted under the Democratic reign of commissioners who occupied the office in 1893" was not true and the *Gosling* this week leaves its original assertion severely alone.

We showed by the array of figures that the county finances of 1893 were ample to pay all the liabilities of the county for that year and when the *Gosling* made the original assertion quoted above it was asserting that which was not true.

"the *Gosling* has anything further to say on the original text we will be glad to hear it.

Do you mean to say that the statements of 1893 and 1894 are to be taken seriously to mean what they say. No, you know better, for you acknowledge yourself that $18,884.84 of expenses were paid in in 1894 which were not incurred in that year, being liabilities from 1893. Thus the Democratic commissioners by setting a low mill rate, not paying their debts, and finally handing over to the treasury a goodly sum of money, attempted to play the same game on the people that Cleveland did during his first term, and with about the same result. They got fired and so did he.—*Gosling*.

We certainly mean to say that the statements of 1893 and 1894 are to be taken seriously. We have some faith in the integrity of our county commissioners and county auditors who are sworn to perform their duties with fidelity and we are loth to believe, the *Gosling* to the contrary notwithstanding, that they would put forth a statement that is not to be taken seriously—that can be sneered and pointed at by the *Gosling* after being paid for publishing it, as "not to mean what they say." The majority of the board of commissioners and of auditors belong to the same political faith as the *Gosling*, chosen as the representatives of their party, and if the Republican organs have no faith in their statements, then the balance of the people must be at sea.

The $18,884.84 expenses of 1893 were paid in 1894 but they were paid, as the Freeman stated, out of the funds collected in 1893 for that purpose. The indebtedness was stated in the report for 1893 and its payment in 1894 is understood by any taxpayer of ordinary intelligence.

The dark and bloody ground of Kentuckys says the Pittsburg *Post*, is likely to be made a little more so by the battle over financial issues this summer. The election takes place in August, and the legislature then elected will have the selection of a United States senator in place of Senator Blackburn, who has announced himself as a candidate for re election on a radical free coinage platform, at the ratio of 16 to 1 and regardless of what other nations may or may not do. Secretary Carlisle will take the field and make at least one speech before the opening of the canvass, and there is no doubt he will antagonize the position of Senator Blackburn on the currency question. It may be that Secretary Carlisle will become a candidate for the senate, as the Blackburn term commences with the expiration of the Clevelend administration on the 4th of March, 1897. But this is hardly probable unless to solve a deadlock. In addition to Senator Blackburn the announced candidates are ex Governor Buckner, Congressman McCreary, Governor Brown and W. C. P. Breckinridge. They will all take the stump in Kentucky fashion, and the fur will commence to fly in a few weeks. The *Courier Journal* and Mr. Watterson, who are a power in Kentucky, antagonize free coinage, and give a strong support to the financial policy of the national administration.

The Kentucky Republicans see hopes for themselves in the expected Democratic division on the silver question. Following Senator Blackburn's strong declaration in favor of free coinage, the Republicans of the senator's county of Woodford have taken an advance step, and in county convention on Tuesday, to select delegates to the state convention of their party, took ground not only against free coinage of silver at any and at all times, but resolved in favor of the gold standard as the chief cornerstone of our national monetary system."

Sound money conventions under Democratic auspices are to be held in Nashville and Memphis next month, but the Tennessee legislature has declared for free coinage, and Senator Harris has put himself on the same platform.

A rise in wages is evidently close at hand all along the line. The industries in which the earnings of operatives and employes have already been incaeased are so diverse as to indicate a general upward movement. The ground lost during the depression is being recovered as fast as reasonably can be expected, and it is gratifying to be able to feel that the recovery is healthy and permanent. With labor fully employed, earning fair wages, industrious and contented, the whole land will smile under new and greater prosperity.

A Chicago syndicate, have been in the state of Georgia negotiating for 100,000 acres of land in Montgomery county, that state, on which it is intended to locate 10,000 colonists from the states of Nebraska, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota and Iowa. These people are attracted to the South by its congenial climate and reputed mineral wealth, and if this colony is successful it will be the beginning of an extensive movement of population to a region heretofore scouted by the home seeker.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C., April 20, 1895.—President Cleveland's Andrew Jackson firmness in standing by his financial views is admired alike by those who agree with those views and those who oppose them. There are timid Democrats who say that an expression against free coinage of silver was not politic, in view of the knowledge that many Democrats favor it. Perhaps it wasn't, but Mr. Cleveland has never been a politic man. That is one of the reasons why he has never go along with the trimmers in the Democratic party. The tariff reform message of 1887 was not a politic document, but it resulted in uniting the Democratic party and in making tariff reformer synonymous with Democrats, and is to day regarded by every Democrat as one of the best things he ever did. Democrats admire courage, and no Democrat will think less of Mr. Cleveland for having the courage to stand up for what he believes to be right, regardless of whether it be popular or unpopular with the party at large. He invites a contest within the ranks of the party, and is confident that when all the arguments which can be presented on both sides have been heard that an overwhelming majority of the party will endorse his views. He may be wrong. Other Democrats have been wrong; but when he asks that the Democrats come together and discuss this question in all its bearings before committing the party he is not unreasonable. A campaign of education is never one sided. Let every Democrat hear what both sides have to say in coming discussions of the silver question, weigh the arguments as he would the evidence if he were sitting on a jury, and then decide which will be best for the country. Up to this time most of the talking has been done by one side.

Secretary Morton is always interested in everything connected with the food supply of the people; hence it is not surprising that he should be devoting his time and the power of the department of agriculture to heading off the extortion of the beef trust. If he had his way, and President Cleveland and the other members of the cabinet agree with him, the tariff of 20 per cent. ad velorem on foreign cattle would at once be abolished, but only congress can do that. As the next best thing Secretary Morton has amended the rules of his department so as to admit Mexican cattle if they have been inspected by our officials. Speaking of the result of this move Dr. Salmon, chief of the bureau of animal industry of the department of agriculture, said: "It is guesswork to make an estimate of how many cattle will be brought from Mexico. There is no census of the cattle in North Mexico. We have no figures to go by. Nor have we any accurate news as to what proportion of the cattle there are ready for slaughter. But what is known might encourage a belief that the number of cattle brought in from Mexico during the next month will be heavy. Once before we let down the bars to the incoming of Mexican cattle and within a month 25,000 were brought in. Probably the number will reach 100,000 this time." From the very marked variations in the recall price of beef in different cities Secretary Mortion is inclined to believe that the retailer is squeezing the consumer harder than he himself is being squeezed by the trust. He is now making an investigation of the whole business. He said: "My belief is that a beef ring exists among the big slaughterers. The difficulty now before us is how to prevent its continuance. If anything is done the papers will have to do it. The Sherman anti-trust will neither punish nor protect. We've gone all through it with a microscope, and it is clear that it was made to be evaded and gone around. There is nothing left but the whip of public opinion and that must be vigorously wielded by the papers.

Hon. Dorman B. Eaton, of Ohio, who claims to have drafted the civil service law, and who was the first civil service commissioner, is in Washington. He paid the President a high compliment when he said: "For the courage President Cleveland has shown in executing this reform; for his faithful adherence to the law, he is deserving of the highest praise. I am a Republican, but on this question, as in his stand for a sound system of currency, Mr. Cleveland has shown himself such a true patriot that all questions of partisanship are lost sight of, and he deserves just as much credit from Republicans as he does from his own followers."

Attorney General Olney has filed a brief with the supreme court against any rehearing of the income tax cases which does not include a rehearing of that portion of the tax declared to be unconstitutional by the late decision. If a rehearing is granted by the court it will hardly take place before October. M.

Saved a Whole Trainload.

Flemington, N. J., April 22.—Mrs. Mary Lawyer, who lives alone on the Belvidere division of the Pennsylvania railroad, near Scudder's Falls, has been thanked and will probably be rewarded by the Pennsylvania railroad company for the heroism she showed last Saturday evening. She discovered the bridge near her home on fire a little while before a fast passenger train was due. She saw that she had little time to fight the fire, and did so until she heard the rumbling of the train in the distance. She succeeded in putting the fire nearly all out, realizing the danger of the passengers, she ran down the track and signaled the train. It stopped a few feet from the bridge.

One of the sleepers on the bridge had caught fire from a hot coal dropped from the locomotive of the train which had passed over just ahead of the train Mrs. Laywer signaled. The sleepers of the bridge were nearly burned, and the bridge was badly weakened.

Forest Fires Cause Much Damage.

Oil City, Pa., April 21.—Forest fires have been raging in this neighborhood for two days and considerable valuable timber has been destroyed. In many cases the fires have been started by accident, but in one case maliciously. At Powell's Run, eight miles south of here, three men deliberately fired the woods adjoining much valuable property and they were chased for several miles by neighbors, but escaped. Along Porcupine and Reed runs, two of the best trout streams in this neighborhood, the North Peen, Watson Clapp and Kahle Brothers have from 200 to 400 producing wells, many tanks of oil and drilling wells. They have officers out watching for fire and to arrest for trespass all fishermen, who it is said, started the fire in the woods last year that destroyed much valuable property for these firms.

His imagination killed Eli Baumgardner, of West Manheim township, York county. He was suffering with the mumps, when he read in a medical journal that mumps sometimes produced insanity. This so startled Baumgardner that he soon became insane and died shortly afterward.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Shortlidge Will Go Free.

Norristown, Pa., April 21.—The extraordinary case of Professor Swithin C. Shortlidge, who shot and killed his wife at Media a little more than a year ago, is to be again brought before the public. Arrangements have been made for taking Professor Shortlidge to Media this week to ask the court for his discharge from the hospital for the insane.

He will be accompanied by Resident Physician Richardson, who will testify that the patients condition warrants his release, and that further detention might work an injury.

Shortlidge's murder of his wife, his alledged insanity immediately afterward, his trial for the crime, and imprisonment in the asylum form a most peculiar case. It was asserted by the dead woman's relatives at the trial that the professor was not insane and never had been. He is an elderly man, while his wife was young and attractive. The public had no knowledge of any existing jealousy on his part. His reasons for shooting her were problematical.

A strange feature of the case was the anxiety of his friends to have his trial for murder take place at once. They said he was insane, and he was tried and acquitted on that ground.

Now he has most speedily recovered his senses, and will likely be set free this week.

Had the trial not occurred when it did it might have been brought as soon as he was released from the asylum. Now that danger is over.

Five Negroes Lynched.

Montgomery, Ala., April 21.—A gentleman who arrived to night from Greenville, Ala., twenty miles south of here, reports that five negroes were lynched near there last night. Just before his train left Greenville to-night the sheriff of the county came into town. He reported that in passing through the Buckalow plantation, three miles distant, he had found the five negroes, three men and two women, hanging by their necks to trees. They had been dead for several hours.

Last night news reached Greenville of the brutal murder near Butler, in that county, of Watts Murphy, a popular young white man, by three negroes. Murphy was a nephew of the late Governor Watts, of this city. After murdering him the negroes placed his body in a brush heap and burned the heap. The debris was examined and parts of the victim were found. The balance of the body had been consumed. An investigation was instituted. The negroes were arrested. One of the negroes confessed the crime, implicating two other men and the negro women. The officers arrested them, and were guarding the prisoners when last heard of last night.

The report to night does not give the details of how the mob secured the murderers, except that they were taken by force.

A telegram from Greenville confirms the story.

Harrison a Candidate.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 22.—Benjamin Harrison will be the candidate of the bimetallists of the United States in 1896. This statement was made to day by a Republican of national prominence who had just had a talk with the ex-president.

"He will be nominated by the Republican convention as a compromise candidate," said the speaker. "That is the plan of his friends. I do not know that General Harrison will actively seek the nomination. He can get it without uttering a word. The silver people of the West know his sentiments, and they are satisfied he stands for all they can hope to get in 1896.

"The speech which General Harrison made in Colorado, February 28, 1894, while on his way to California will nominate him. It was the first and only utterance of the ex-president after he had left the White House. It was made in the town of Lahunta, in the heart of the silver mining district."

General Harrison has entirely recovered from his recent illness and apparently was never in better health.

Men Blown Through Windows.

Washington, D. C., April 22.—About 1 o'clock this afternoon an explosion occurred in the photographic blueprint room of the patent office in the southwest corner of the basement of the Interior department by which five men were hurt, but not seriously.

Albert Flint, chief photographer, was pouring five gallons of ether into a bottle when the bottle fell to the slate floor and broke, the contents running along the place. He began sweewing it toward the door, when some of the fluid reached the stove and there was an explosion, which was quickly followed by a second with considerable force, blowing up about 75 bottles. Mr. Flint was blown through the door, his head striking a mass of papers piled in the hallway. He arose, his clothing in a blaze, and rushed for the area calling for help, which came quickly.

J. E. Wheat, Jr., J. E. Latimer, Mr. Blacklage and Mr. Theikill were also blown through windows, but all escaped serious harm. The property loss will probably reach $1,500.

Thanked by a Dead Man's Wife.

Chicago, Ill., April 18.—The dramatic scene of a murdered man's wife giving thanks for the conviction of his murderer, was witnessed in Judge Stein's court to-day.

Silviero Barelli had been on trial for the killing last November of Dominic Parento. The evidence showed that the shooting occurred because Parento had thrown Barelli out of his house after the latter had struck Mrs. Parento with his fist. The jury returned a verdict of guilty to-day, recommending the death penalty.

Mrs. Parento, who had been a constant attendant of the trial, fell upon her knees and poured out a fervent prayer of thanksgiving that her husband's murderer was to meet death. She called down blessings on the heads of the jurors, and then, turning to the judge, passionately pleaded that he would see that the sentence be carried out.

Saved by a Pocketbook.

Morgantown, W. Va., April 23.—Col. Sylvester Barker fired three shots at Col. George W. Johnson in the hallway of the Wallace hotel to-day. Two of the bullets passed through Johnson's coat and one struck a heavy pocketbook in the breast pocket of his vest, which no doubt saved his life.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—An earthquake shock in Vermont, Wednesday, caused bricks to fall from chimneys.

—Hon. Geo W. Carlisle, a brother of Secretary Carlisle, is dead at Independence, Ky.

—During March the shipments of American pork to Germany were 5,530,000 pounds, the largest on record in one month.

—According to the income tax return, there are only 7,000 persons in Philadelphia who have an income of $4,000 or over.

—Jesse Howe, aged 16, was killed by a train at Akoon, O., and when his mother saw the mangled remains she went insane.

—During a terrific wind storm at Pierceville, Kan., George Wight, a business man, was blown under a locomotive and cut to pieces.

—In attempting to jump over a rubbish fire at Williamsport, little Herman Mostellers curls caught fire and he was burned to death.

—It is proposed to build a system of dykes in the Susquehanna river to overcome the destructiveness of floods in that and other streams.

—No sponges, slates nor slate pencils are allowed in the public schools of Cambridge, Mass. Their places have been taken by paper, pens and pencils.

—Wisconsin's supreme courts upholds the law which makes life imprisonment operate as a degree of absolute divorce without further legal proceedings.

—Nana and Sadie Willard, sisters, of Livermore, Pa., eloped with two barnstorming actors, and the father of the girls is after the quartette with a shot-gun.

—By the crash of a Providence trolley car with a wagonload of amateur actors, Emma Hand, aged 12, was fatally hurt and several other young people were injured.

—Samuel C. Aymer, a bookkeeper of the National Shoe and Leather bank, New York, is a defaulter of $20,000. He is a brother-in-law of Seeley, who robbed the bank of $350,000.

—From the patent office at Washington comes the report that in the 11 years since the type-writing machine was first put on the market the sales have amounted to nearly $30,000,000.

—Charles Heathorn, who sued the Baltimore and Ohio railroad in Cleveland, O., for $100,000 for the loss of both legs and an arm in a collision in Indiana, was awarded $30,000 by the jury.

—Thomas Jones, of Cleveland, O., visited the house of a neighbor, Mrs. David Davis. For so doing Mrs. Jones pounded her husband over the head with a chair until he died. She is in jail.

—Seven Polanders, who were clearing land in Wild Rose, Waushera county, Wiss., for Mr. Hefferon, were burned to death in their shanty on Sunday night, when all were drunk.

—The Loysville postoffice was robbed on Saturday night of $10 in money and stamps of various kinds to the amount of $30. Entrance was effected through the back door by the use of a jimmy.

—When a member of the royal family of Korea dies every grown male in the country has to wear a white hat for three years. If he wears any other kind it is gently taken off—with his head in it.

—Frank Hodges suicided by cutting his throat with a razor Saturday night at his home near Republic, Ohio. He was 45 years old, unmarried and well connected. The deed was prompted by the opium habit.

—Julius and Ernest Hapflin, brothers, aged 14 and 15 years respectively, and John Mills, aged 16, were drowned in the Delaware river, near Philadelphia on Saturday afternoon, by the capsizing of their rowboat.

—The last Arizona assembly passed a law requiring boards of supervisors to establish on every road and trail sign boards giving the distance and direction to the nearest place where fresh water can be secured.

—Thomas Burns, aged 22, employed in a saw mill near Pittsburg, was cut almost in two by a circular saw last Friday evening. In stepping from the log carriage, he slipped and fell in front of the saw, which cut him through diagonally, the trunk being held together by a few shreds of flesh.

—General Charles T. Campbell, well known as "fighting Charley" by all Pennsylvania soldiers, died in South Dakota, recently, aged 71 years. He served in the Mexican war and the war of the rebellion, and a braver man never drew a sword in any cause. He had many friends in all parts of the state.

—Rev. Robert M. Patton, a Disciple minister of Somerset, Pa., was crushed to death by a Baltimore & Ohio train at Casselman on Saturday. There is a suspicion of it being a case of suicide, as Mr. Patton had said he had made a mistake in entering the ministry and was trying to find other employment.

—The town of Ardmore, I. T., which was the largest in Indian Territory, is to-day almost in ashes. Last Friday 150 stores and houses, covering the entire business section, were burned. The aggregate loss is estimated at between $500,000 and $800,000. The insurance will foot up to one-third of the loss.

—It is understood that the developments thus far made in the investigation of the beef question have about convinced Secretary Mortion that a combination has been formed for the purpose of putting up the price of beef. Inasmuch as all data sought by the inspectors must come from the packers voluntarily the department has little hope of getting at the bottom of the facts.

—William H. Moore, who claims to have been stolen by a gypsy 26 years ago and taken to Mount Pleasant, O., returned Wednesday night to visit his aged mother and two sisters at Shenandoah. It is alleged that a year ago the gypsy died leaving to Moore property worth $70,000. Moore was taken from home when 4 years old, and knew nothing of his family until his captor revealed the secret on his deathbead.

—Three young men were arrested in Snow Shoe, Centre county, Saturday night, as members of a regularly organized gang of thieves who have robbed the stores of T. B. Budinper and others of many dollars' worth of goods. John Lucas and Frank Haides were jailed in Bellefonte, and their companion released on turning state's evidence. Warrents have been issued for the leader of the gang and one or two others.

—Prof. James Wilson, a leading geologist of the state of Oregan, in speaking of the Pittsburg coal region, says: "If we regard the greatness of its extent, the picturesque beauty of its scenery, the salubrity of its climate, its relative situation on the continent, the fertility of its soil, its unrivaled mineral wealth, and its magnificent system of natural transportation, it is perhaps the most valuable spot on the surface of the planet."

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and Choice Black Dress Fabrics never sold in this store at such rapid rate as at present.

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NEW BLACK TWILL MOHAIRS.

Elegant in appearance, right in weight; bought at a sacrifice several months ago, before it was settled that Black would be the fashionable fad as to color—44 inches wide, 50 Cents a yard.

MOHAIR SICILENNES.

Specially adapted for Suits, Separate Skirts or Petticoats—40 inches wide, 35c.; 42 inches wide, 50c. and 75c.; 54 inches wide, $1.00 and $1.25.

BLACK FIGURED MOHAIRS.

You've paid double for not nearly so good and fine goods as these—38 inches wide, 25c.

BLACK CREPONS.

New and stylish effects, direct from Paris—75c, $1.00, $1.25 up.

Good Black Crepons, 45 cents, to finest imported at $3.00 per yard.

All-wool, neat Check Suitings; stylish mixtures—33 inches wide, 22 cents a yard.

Large assortment of stylish, up-to-date Dress Goods and Suitings at 25c., 30c., 40c. and 50c., that will prove conclusively we intend making it an object to do your buying here!

Come or write write for samples and our new 1895 Spring and Summer Catalogue—'twill cost you only the postal card containing your request.

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NEW TIN SHOP IN EBENSBURG,
Spouting, Roofing and Repairing done PROMPTLY.
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EAST.

Seashore Express, week days	6 30 a m
Altoona Accommodation, week days	9 23 a m
Day Express, daily	11 04 a m
Altoona Express, daily	1 00 p m
Harrisburg Accommodation, Sundays only	1 07 p m
Mail Express, daily	5 17 p m
Philadelphia Express, daily	8 12 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 14 a m
Pacific Express, daily	8 37 a m
Way Passenger daily	2 36 p m
Mail Train, week days	4 20 p m
Fast Line, daily	8 28 p. m
Johnstown Accommodation, week days	8 34 p m

Ebensburg Branch.

Trains leave as follows: 7.20 a. m., and 3.30 p. m. and arrive at Cresson at 7.57, a. m. and 4.05 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9.45, a. m. and 5.35 p. m., and arrive at Ebensburg at 10.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and 3.00 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 4.20 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 10.50 a m. and 6.50 p. m.

For rates maps, etc., call on agent or address Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Ave. Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, General Manager.

JOHN PFISTER,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Hardware. Queensware,
MADE-UP CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
VEGETABLES IN SEASON,
HARNESS, ETC.,
OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,
CRESSON, PA.
ma92 20ly

Administrator's Notice.
Letters of administration upon the estate of Matthew McGaughey, late of Munster township, county of Cambria, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned by the Register, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same shall present them properly authenticated for settlement.

AUGUSTINE W. EBERLY,
Administrator of Matthew McGaughey, dec'd.
Munster Twp., March 22, 1895.

Executor's Notice.
Estate of Philip Collins, deceased.
Letters testamentary upon the estate of Philip Collins, deceased, late of Ebensburg, Cambria county, Pa., having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment to me without delay, and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

T. A. SHOEMAKER,
Bellefonte, Pa., April 12, 1895. Executor.

TO
THE MONEY SAVERS
OF
CAMBRIA COUNTY.

While other merchants are advertising "Clearance Sales" of shop-worn goods, Bradley's have opened the most complete line of new Spring Goods. All the latest things of the season at lower prices than you ever knew or heard of. Come to where you can have a choice.

25 Yards of Yard-Wide Muslin for $1.00.

50-inch Black Henrietta for 45 cents per yard. Choice of shades Cashmere at 20 cents—full 36-inch goods.

New Moire Satines at 15 Cents,

New Line of Dress Ginghams at 7 cents.

These are a few of the many Bargains awaiting you at

Bradley's Cash Store,
MAIN STREET, GALLITZIN.

I LEAD THE
PROCESSION !
IN
High Art Clothing for Short, Stout and Regular Sizes, and Furnishings.

Stylish, serviceable goods—the correct thing in men's wear—at money-saving prices. Children's Suits in all grades now on show. Our spring stock of High Art Clothing, the pick and flower of the country's clothing, especially selected fabrics, tailor made garments in all the newest and most fashionable shapes. Our men's apparel is made on the new principle—every garment is fitted to a living model and conforms to the natural lines of the human figure. As a result we can guarantee a perfect fit.

☞ I am the only clothier that sells High Art Clothing in Blair county.

JOHN McCONNELL,
1300 Eleventh Ave., Altoona, Pa.

NEW SPRING STYLES.

We have a full, new and complete line of the finest and best fitting Spring Clothing in Cambria county and at prices that defy competition. We have the largest stock in Northern Cambria and the make-up of our fine goods is equal to custom-made. We have the new Spring Shapes in Hats and our stock of Gents' Furnishings is complete.

Our stock is larger and prices lower than ever before. All we ask is that you call and examine our goods, learn prices and we will convince you that the best place in the State to buy your Clothing is at

C. A. SHARBAUGH'S,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

EBENSBURG MARBLE AND GRANITE
MONUMENTAL : WORKS!

☞ We are prepared to furnish on short notice and at prices that defy competition

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.
HEADSTONES, VAULTS AND POSTS

WHAT WE DO:—
Keep constantly on hand one of the Largest and Best Selected Stock of any concern in the County.
Give personal supervision to the manufacture and placement of all orders.
Use none but the Best Stock, and pay particular attention to the setting of all work. Also agents for the famous Champion Iron Fence.
ALL CORRESPONDENCE ANSWERED.

J. WILKINSON & SON.
EBENSBURG, PA.

AMERICAN SILVER TRUSS.

Patent Hose. Back View.
LIGHT, COOL, Easy to Wear. No pressure on Hips or Back. No understraps. Never moves.
Retains Severest Hernia with Comfort.

MANUFACTURED AT
290 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

American Silver Truss.

Beside the above we handle the Seeley Hard Rubber, the Penfield Celluloid, and all other Standard Trusses.

☞ Special attention given to the proper fitting of Trusses.

Dr. T. J. DAVISON,
EBENSBURG, PA.

CARRIAGE AND WAGON SHOP.

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Boney in the West ward of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Cariage work on the shortest notice and on reasonable terms. Special attention given to Repair work and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. E. BENDER,
formerly of Carrolltown.
[Jan11.3m]

It Pays to Advertise.

—In order to facilitate matters in the Blair-White contest in Indiana, the attorneys have submitted briefs to the judges instead of entering into long-winded and useless arguments, the facts of which the judges would be unable to remember. The judges are now in conference and their decision will be made public in a few days.

—The house of George Rager, an old farmer who lives on the Laurel Hill in Jackson township, was visited by burglars last Friday morning and while Mr. Rager and his wife slept upstairs the thieves ransacked the lower part of the house, securing about $15 in money and fully as much in clothing and food. The pantry was entirely emptied.

—Andrew Patna, a Hungarian miner, was struck by an engine at Benscreek on Wednesday morning of last week and had one leg broken and the other so bady injured that it had to be amputated. He was taken to the McGough House at Portage where Drs. Miller and Glass amputated the one and set the other. He has a wife and child in Hungary.

—The tannery and barn of M. C. Woodward at Kellysburg, Indiana county, were burned at one o'clock on Monday morning. The loss will reach $5,000. The buildings were set on fire. An attempt was made to burn the buildings several weeks ago, but the flames were discovered in time to save them. Woodward thinks he knows the firebug, and detectives have been put on his track.

—A large force of men will be put at work this morning by the officials of the Tri-County Agricultural Driving Park Association fitting up the racing tracks of the association on its grounds at Roxbury borough. Everything will be in readiness in a few days for the races of this summer and fall. A new grand stand and several stables will also be built as soon as the track is finished.—*Johnstown Democrat.*

—A convention of the justices of the peace and constables of Clearfield county will be held in the arbitration room of the court house at Clearfield on Monday, May 6, at 1:30 P. M., to organize permantly and to take steps toward participating in the state organization soon to be effected. One of the objects of the proposed organization is to establish uniform fees.

—On last Friday evening a man named Weimer was driving two horses hitched to a buggy on the road leading from Dale borough to Stonycreek township, and when crossing the bridge over Sam's run, the horses became frightened and jumped over the bridge nine feet down into the run. Mr. Weimer and a boy who was with him were badly cut and bruised, while the buggy was a complete wreck. The horses were uninjured.

—Walter S. Hayes, who was a member of the Altoona base ball club in 1890, was fatally stabbed at Bloomsburg, Pa., on Thursday night of last week by Casper Thomas, an old man 79 years of age, with whom he boarded. Hayes came home intoxicated, when the latter refused to let him in and he broke the door open, when Thomas stabbed him and he bled to death in ten minutes. He leaves a wife and one child at Williamsport.

—The *Railroad Gazette* says: The new construction work on the several divisions of the Pennsylvania railroad in Pennsylvania, which was stopped about a year ago on account of the falling off in traffic and earnings is now likely to be revived and pushed to completion the coming summer. The plans now spoken of as likely to be taken up immediately, promise a season of considerable activity during the remainder of the year in this class of work.

—Beginning April 28th the Pittsburg *Times* will print ever Saturday a complete exposition of the International Sunday School lesson for the day following. These papers are by the best minds in America devoted to Sabbath School work. They are broad and non-sectarian in their treatment, and the *Times* feels confident that this new feature will commend itself to that large and constantly growing class which devotes its energies to good works.

—All the various coal operations of R. Wigton & Sons are advertised to be sold at sheriff's sale at Clearfield on May 1. The *Baltimore Journal* says the sale is being made at the instigation of the people who are reorganizing the business and not on account of any financial embarassment of the former owners. Mr. Frank B. Wigton is a member of the new concern. It is rumored that some of the new members are also members of the Cunard Steamship Company.

—While tearing down the walls of an old house in Upper St. Clair township, Allegheny county, Farmer Richard Malvern found $15,000 hidden in a wall. One thousand dollars was in gold eagles and the rest in German and American coins and notes. The treasure was in a rusty tin box. The money is supposed to have been placed there some time before the civil war, from the fact that none of the currency bears any date since. Malvern moved to the place April 1.

—On Saturday morning about 10 o'clock an unknown man who had been at the Cambria Mills the previous evening looking for work was killed at Morrellville at the railroad crossing while attempting to board a passing freight train. The back part of his head was crushed and his right arm was cut off at the shoulder. He was about 32 years of age, had a small blue mark above his right eye, and wore a black shirt with a white stripe, a blue tie with white dots and a slouch hat.

—Considerable has been said recently as to the condition of the Coalport bank, the doors of which have been closed since the death of its president, Mr. Samuel Hagerty, on April 1st. We have it from a reliable source that the bank will not reopen, and that the affairs of the same will be brought to a close as rapidly as possible. We regret to make this item of news, as it will seriously inconvenience the business men, miners and farmers in this section by the bank suspending.—*Coalport Standard.*

—The first female tramp ever arrested in Altoona for trespassing on the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's property was taken into custody Saturday morning just as she was about to board an east-bound freight train. The woman was accompanied by a man, and when arrested said he was her husband, but the latter denied this when arraigned before an alderman. The woman gave her name as Lizzie Lewis, and said she resided near Tyrone. Both prisoners were committed to jail for ten days.

—A. F. Green, aged 29, a well-to-do sawmill man, who resides near Huntingdon, met with an accident at that place on Monday night, in which he was maimed for life. He was walking along the tracks near the station about 8:30 o'clock, when he was struck and knocked down by one of the cars which were being shifted. His right foot was terribly mangled and had to be amputated. Dr. Brumbaugh performed the operation, taking off the injured member close to the knee. Green was taken to the hospital at Altoona for treatment.

—George Ruth, of Greensburg, arrived at Johnstown on Thursday night of last week and asked a stranger the way to the police station. The man addressed was a crook and had five confederates near by. He agreed to show Ruth the way, but led him to the Coopersdale bridge, where he smashed Ruth over the head with a piece of railroad iron, inflicting several ugly gashes. The gang then robbed him of his overcoat, watch and chain and $30 in cash. They left his body on the street car tracks and a motorman brought it to the city. He was unconscious four hours.

—A man steals a horse, sells it to an innocent party who buys it in good faith. The owner comes, takes away his horse and the man who bought it is loser to the the extent of the purchase. A knave procures a farmer's signature to a paper purporting to be an agency contract for the sale of a machine. By tearing off a part of it the remainder with the signature becomes a promissory note. Rascal number one sells it to rascal number two, usually some bank, and the latter sues to recover. The court decides the farmer must pay the "innocent" holder of the fraudulent paper. Is there anything out of joint in these cases?

—The residences of James Hunter and Mrs. Amanda Brown in Jackson township, one and one-half miles from McAlevy's Fort, were destroyed by fire on Friday evening last. The fire started in Mr. Hunter's house about 6 o'clock, supposed to have originated from a defective flue. He managed to get all his goods out of the house and stored them in the house of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Brown, a short distance away. About 9 o'clock the same evening fire broke out in Mrs. Brown's house, supposed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion originating from the heated goods taken into the house. Besides the destruction of the two buildings, a large quantity of goods were burned.—*Huntingdon Local News.*

—The judges composing the contest court are making good time and are working industriously. They have made up their list of illegal voters, and are now going over the ballots for the purpose of asscertaining for whom they voted. The chances are that they will finish this part of the business next week and be ready in a couple of weeks to render their decision. They keep their own counsel, and no one but themselves has the remotest idea how many votes are found to have been illegal or for whom a majority of them were cast. Both sides feel confident of winning, and perhaps that is just as well, for the friends of one or the other of the candidates are going to feel awful sad after the decision is rendered.—*Indiana Messenger.*

—On Thursday morning of last week Elizabeth, wife of Alexander Leslie, of Carrolltown, died at the age of 59 years. She was born in Tyrone, Blair county, and her maiden name was Williams. She and Mr. Leslie were married thirty-seven years ago and went to housekeeping in Carroll township. Of the sixteen children born to the union, six survive, as follows: David H., of Carroll township; Caleb, of Cymbria Mines; John, of Spangler; Andrew, of Hastings; Amanda, wife of William Snyder, and James, of Carroll township. Mrs. Leslie's mother is dead, but her father—Caleb Williams—is still living, at the age of eighty-four years. Interment was made in Grass Hill cemetery, near the late home of the deceased, last Saturday morning.

—William Gibbons and Mrs. Elizabeth Fresh were brought to jail on Wednesday, the man to answer to a charge of fornication and the woman to answer to a charge of adultry, both charges preferred by the woman's husband, George Fresh, who resides near Chest Springs. About six weeks ago the woman skipped out from her husband's domicile and accompanied by Gibbons, went over in Turkeyfoot township, Somerset county, where they went to housekeeping as man and wife. Fresh went before 'Squire Schroth in Carrolltown and had warrants issued, and on Tuesday Constable H. C. Kirkpatrick nabbed the guilty pair and brought them to Carrolltown. They were given a hearing and committed to jail to answer at court.

* * *

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, April 25, 1895:

Oscar Yanermich and Ida Wilhelm, Daisytown.

Frank Washington and Carrie Douty, Daisytown.

Francis J. Hoover, Hastings, and Rosie E. Geager, Elder township.

Robert Graham and Alice M. Prescott, Patton.

John L. Wilson, Coopersdale, and Maggie M. Grahm, Johnstown.

Ambrose G. Maloney, Ashville, and Emma E. Adams, Chest Springs.

Anthony Sherry, Spangler, and Veronica Raver, Barr township.

Henry M. Fox and Anna M. Keiper, Johnstown.

John A. Simondinger, Ehrenfeld, and Dora McClarren, Summerhill.

Augustine W. Coleman, Wilmore, and Emma L. Haws, Hooversville, Pa.

Gregory Skrabut, Lilly, and Catharine J. Sonnerfeld, Gallitzin.

Lester Lambert, Moxham, and Myrtle Cone, Johnstown.

William T. Harrison and Flora A. Fresh, Jackson township.

William Grant Giffen, East Conemaugh, and Cora M. Wissinger, Pindleton.

Cornelius J. Crossen, Johnstown, and Minnie A. Bender, Stoyestown, Somerset county.

* * *

Beech Creek Extension.

In regard to the extension of the Beech Creek railroad an exchange says that it is expected that work will be commenced on the road which connects the Beech Creek at Mahaffey, with the Pittsburg, McKeesport and Youghiogheny at West Newton, Westmoreland county about the 26th of this month. The road will leave the Beech Creek below Mahaffey, cross the river and run along one side of the hill at Whisky run, there a viaduct will cross the Pennsylvania tracks and the river, then up the river to near Cush creek, where it again crosses to the west side and follows Cush creek to the summit, then southwest through Indiana into Westmoreland and crosses the Pennsylvania near Latrobe; thence southwest to West Newton, where the connection is made. This new railroad will give Clearfield a splendid connection west and make the Beech Creek a through trunk line between the east and west.

* * *

Fire in Wilmore.

About 12 o'clock on Friday night the store and dwelling of Patrick F. Kirby in Wilmore was discovered to be on fire by several men who were returning from a meeting at Portage and who at once gave the alarm.

The Wilmore fire company and the neighbors turned out at once but the fire had already made such progress that the building was doomed.

The Cambria House, which is separated from the Kirby building by an alley, was badly scorched and had it not been for the effective work of the fire company, it too would have been in ashes. The residence of Mrs. George Plattner was also damaged to the extent of about $200.

The fire in the Kirby building is supposed to have originated from a defective flue in the store-room. Mr. Kirby carried a line of general merchandise and his loss on the building and goods is placed at $18,000, with an insurance of $8,000.

* * *

Allegheny Valley Lumber Trade.

The scarcity of lumber floating down the Allegheny river, when compared with former years, is a noticeable fact. Instead of millions of feet of lumber and timber being floated in one season or even on one rise, the product is now counted by thousands and few and far between. This industry is fast dying out. The pine forests at the headwaters of the Allegheny and its tributaries have been depleted so that scarcely a tree of white pine remains and even hemlock is playing out. Who will say now in this valley that taking the tariff off Canadian lumber is not a blessing to the man in moderate circumstances who wants to build himself and family a little house.—*Kittanning Sentinel.*

Real Estate Transfers.

Jennie Driscoll et vir to William Reager, Lower Yoder; consideration $500.

Spangler Improvement Company to I. N. Rodkey, Spangler, $150.

Cambria Iron Company to James Seeley, West Taylor, $1.

Anna S. Haywood et vir to John D. Roberts, South Fork, $100.

F. A. Eckenrode et ux. to Emma McKeage, Hastings, $400.

Sophia Wehn et vir to William Will, Johnstown, $800.

John Stritz to Anna Stritz, Hastings, $650.

Bridget Wills et vir to Joseph J. Weber, Clearfield, $1,600.

Henry S. Fisher to William Fisher, Roxbury, $250.

Annie S. Weaklen et vir to George M. Baker, Carroll, $640.

Nancy Crosby et vir to Henry H. Keene, Johnstown, $1,100.

William Miller et ux. to Excelsior Building & Loan Association, Ferndale, $1,400.

Herman Baumer, Jr., et ux. to Harvey Williams, Johnstown, $2,800.

Cyrus Gates et ux. to Dessie Schell, Blandsburg, $35.

Cambria Iron Company to Michael Toohey, Conemaugh borough, $75.

Charles F. Kress et ux. to Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Johnstown, $3,600.

Elizabeth Holdfelder et. al. to Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Johnstown, $2,218.

Joshua P. Wissinger et ux. to Sarah A. Allenberger, Adamsburg, $1,200.

Anton Urban et ux. to Thomas Wilkinson, Portage township, $70.

W. G. S. Robertson et ux. to John Weinzeirl, Summerhill township, $350.

Enoch Short et ux. to Abraham Hutchison, Patton, $75.

Joseph Miller et ux. to John M. Miller, Carroll, $150.

Catharine Schroth to Wallace Sherbine, Wilmore, $2,250.

R. L. Bowers et al. to Cyrus T. Gates, Blandsburg, $35.

Mary C. Walters et vir to Allison A. Pringle, South Fork, $450.

Margaret Palmer et al. to Custer et al., East Conemaugh, $1,200.

Sherman Tibott et ux. to First M. E. church, Ebensburg, $500.

Thomas J. Davison et ux. to First M. E. church, Ebensburg, $250.

Albert Farabaugh to George Hecker, Carroll township, $25.

John H. Hess et ux. to Edward Brehme, Coopersdale, $1,700.

S. A. Weimer et ux. to Nelson Mishler, Upper Yoder, $1,500.

H. Kinkead to Victoria Stinebiser, Barr, $800.

Frank A. Devereaux et al. to Michael L. Murphy, Cambria township, $750.

Uriah Gounkin et ux. to John T. Stuchull, Lower Yoder, ——

Chauncey Davis et ux. to William H. Barnhart, Roxbury, $250.

Jacob Jacoby to Johnstown Passenger Railway Company, Stonycreek, $1.

Kezia McCauley to John H. Daugherty et al., Dean, $592.

G. H. Rusk et ux. to Catherine J. Sharbaugh, Carroll, $100.

Albert Farabaugh to Catharine Noel, Carroll, $400.

* * *

Argument Lists.

List of causes set down for argument at argument court, Monday, May 6th, 1895:

Fearl vs. Clark.
McDonald vs. Hofecker.
Merchants' National Bank vs. Lilly Banking Company.
Edison General Electric Company vs. Cresswell.
Vincent Barstow & Co. vs. Cresswell.
Phoenix Brewing Co. vs. P. R. R. Co.
Noel vs. Gettings et al.
Sandford's use vs. Powell et al.
Radcliffe vs. Sherro.
In re road in Reade township.
Thomas vs. Feathers et al.
Cauliel vs. Berkebile.
Jones vs. City of Johnstown.
Morgan vs. Morgan et al.
In re exceptions to sale of property of Aaron Emerick.
McConaughy vs. Strayer et al.
Same vs. same.
In re rule on E. M. Strayer.
In re exceptions to auditor's report in sales of estate of Mrs. Jno. Leap.
In re rule on Alfred Ashton, Esq.
City of Johnstown vs. Witt.
Harris vs. Englebaugh.
Fearl vs. Harshberger.
Excelsior B. & L. Association vs. Kennedy.
In re petition E. James et al. vs. City of Johnstown.
Sanford vs. Auman et al.
Cresswell vs. Fowler & Umburn et al.
Johnstown, P. R. R. Co. vs. Johnstown S. L. T. Co.
In re exceptions to account in assigned estate E. T. Schoof.
Ferguson vs. Davis.
In re private road in Reade township.
Hysong et al. vs. School district of Gallitzin borough.
Evans vs. Williams et al.
Hill vs. Nich et al.
Lamb vs. Beulah Ch. Dale borough.

J. C. Darby,
Prothonotary.

The following cases will be presented for argument at argument court, Monday, May 6th, 1895:

In re exceptions to partial account of John P. Groome, executor of Margaret Gleason, late of Portage borough, deceased.

In re rule to show cause why attachment should not issue against Isaac B. Bowser, administrator, of Jonathan Eckels, deceased.

Daniel A. McGough,
Clerk O. C.

* * *

Washable Materials for Ladies' Summer Goods.

New grass linens and ecru linen bastistes have color introduced in dashes, bars and stripes, or else they are quite plain. Heavier smooth linens come in a variety of shades, such as light blue, navy, pink, green and yellowish brown. Among the new cotton fabrics are some beautiful Hindoo bastistes and smoothed twilled teviot suitings. Ginghams, zephyrs and dimities are always popular, and appear in pretty and novel designs. Dotted Swiss muslins with artistic wreaths, bouquets, or separate blossoms, printed in natural colors, on tinted or white grounds, easily take the lead for elegant wear. In the McDowell fashion magazines just at hand can be seen many illustrations of these new fabrics and their applications. The latest styles of skirts and capes appear in special coupon patterns. These popular and artistic patterns continue to form a most characteristic feature of the McDowell journals, and are highly prized for their accuracy of details and their practical excellence. "La Mode de Paris" and "Paris Album of Fashion" cost only $3.50 a year, or 35 cents each per copy; "The French Dressmaker" is $3.00 per annum, or 30 cents per copy; "La Mode" costs only $1.50 per year, or 15 cents a copy. If you are unable to procure any of these publications from your newsdealer do not take a substitute from him but apply by mail to Messsrs. A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th street, New York.

A New Church.

St. John's Roman Catholic congregation of this city has emplyed the firm of Beezer Brothers, architects, of Altoona, to prepare plans, specification, and details, and superintend the erection of the large and handsome new church to be erected on the corner of Clinton and Locust streets. The design is to be pure Italian Renaissance, and certain decorative features are to be employed, which will give a beautiful outward expression of the building's character and purpose. The steeple, which is to rise to a height of one hundred and fifty feet, will be much out of the ordinary, the walls rising nearly the entire distance perpendicularly, and will add to to the beauty of the structure, which is designed to be one of the finest in the interior of the state.—*Johnstown Tribune.*

On Sunday afternoon the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's policeman at Latrobe arrested two young men of New Florence, and five of Bolivar, Westmoreland county, for violating the state fish laws by fishing along the Conemaugh river on Sunday.

Miscellaneous Notices.

A FINE lot of Table Oil Cloths just received at * G. HUNTLEY'S.

ANOTHER lot of Bissel's Carpet Sweepers just arrived at * G. HUNTLEY'S.

A LARGE assortment of Garden Tools just received at * G. HUNTLEY'S.

A FINE assortment of White wash, Paint and Varnish Brushes just received by * G. HUNTLEY.

A LARGE assortment of that celebrated Anti-Rusting Tinware—warranted not to rust for 5 years—just arriving at apr12.4t G. HUNTLEY'S.

WANTED—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg Pa. mch22

A LARGE assortment of granite enamelled ware with another 20 per cent. reduction which makes it almost as cheap as tinware. Just received at GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

DON'T forget I am headquarters for Base Balls and Bats, all kinds of Fishing Tackle, Lines, Hooks, Reels, Rods, Bait Boxes, Baskets, etc. * G. HUNTLEY.

THE Ebensburg Marble and Granite Works are offering a reduction of 5 per cent on all work ordered before the 1st of May. This is done in order to avoid the rush for Decoration Day work.

WANTED—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county. Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch29tf.

I HAVE the agency for the Eclipse Bicycle, acknowledged by all to be one of the best Bicycles on the market. $10 reduction on regular price will be given to the party giving me the first order this season. * G. HUNTLEY.

FARMERS.
Your attention is kindly called to the best hay carrier on the market and at a reasonable price. Call and see it at GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in May, $1,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, President. Lester Larimer, Secretary.

A LARGE assortment of Family Ready Mixed Paints, Paints for Farm Implements, Carriage Paints of all colors and shades, in ½ pint to 1 gallon cans. If you are going to paint your house call and look at my samples. I can save you money. * G. HUNTLEY.

FARMERS AND BUILDERS.
I have put in a car load of steel wire nails and fence wire before the advance which I will sell for a limited time at prices before the advance. As there will likely be another advance by the 1st of April, I would advise you to buy immediately what nails and wire you want for the coming season, thereby saving money by not paying the advance prices later on. A word to the wise is sufficient. GEO. HUNTLEY.

1794. 1895.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE 'ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,

AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.

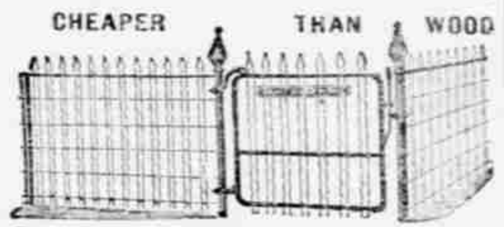
COMMENCED BUSINESS

1794.

Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

Steel Picket Fence.

CHEAPER THAN WOOD



The above cut shows Picket Fence with Gate. (This is not a netting) can be used on Iron or Wood Posts. When writing for prices give Quantity, Number of Gates, Double and Single, Wanted. We also manufacture Heavy Iron Fencing, Cresting, Stable Fittings, Fire Shutters and FIRE ESCAPES, Cellar Doors, and Railings, Brass and Iron Grills, WIRE DOOR AND WINDOW SCREENS, and all kinds of WIRE WORK.

TAYLOR & DEAN,
201, 203 & 205 Market St. Pittsburgh, Pa.
mch 29 6m.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
In the Orphans' Court of Cambria county. In the matter of the second and final account of Adam I. Lieb, executor of the last will and testament of Sebastian Graff, deceased.

Having been appointed auditor by said court to report a distribution of the fund in the hands of the accountant, notice is hereby given that I will sit at my office in the borough of Ebensburg on SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1895, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of discharging the duties of said appointment, when and where all persons interested shall attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
Ebensburg, Pa., April 26, 1895. Auditor.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.
Letters of administration upon the estate of Andrew Eger, late of Cresson township, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, having been granted by the Register of Cambria county to Eliza J. Eger and John S. Eger, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same will present them duly authenticated for payment.

ELIZA J. EGER,
Cresson P. O.,
JOHN S. EGER,
Altoona, P. O.,
Administrators.
J. F. McKenrick,
Ebensburg, Pa.,
Attorney for estate.
March 22, 1895.X.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Letters of administration upon the estate of Jacob Trinkley, late of Carroll township, Cambria county, deceased, were duly granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SYLVESTER BRADLEY,
Carrolltown, Pa.,
SYLVESTER ECKENRODE,
Loretto, Pa.,
Administrators.
J. F. McKenrick, Esq.,
Attorney for estate.
Ebensburg, Pa., March 29, 1895.X

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.
W. A. E. Little and Susan C. Little, his wife, of the borough of Loretto, Cambria county, having by their deed of voluntary assignment dated March 23, 1895, conveyed to the undersigned, in trust for the benefit of creditors, all the property of the said W. A. B. Little, notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to said W. A. B. Little will please make payment to the assignee, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay.

P. J. LITTLE,
Assignee of W. A. B. Little.
Ebensburg, Pa., March 29, 1895.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF HENRY J. CONWAY.
Notice is hereby given that Henry J. Conway, of Gallitzin township, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, has made a general assignment for the benefit of creditors to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims will present the same without delay to Or to his attorney.

J. J. RHODDY,
Assignee,
Ashville, Pa.
Edward T. McNeelis,
Johnstown, Pa.
April 5, 1895.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of James Hagan, Sr., deceased.
Letters testamentary on the estate of James Hagan, Sr., late of the borough of Lilly, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, deceased, having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

DANIEL HAGAN,
Executor.
Lilly, Pa., March 25, 1895.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.
The undersigned having been duly appointed assignee of Theodore Benden, and Sarah, his wife, of Gallitzin township, Pa., in trust for the benefit of creditors, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said Theodore Benden to make immediate payment, and persons having claims to present them according to law.

J. J. RHODDY,
Assignee,
Ashville, Pa.
J. F. McKenrick,
Attorney for Assignee,
Ebensburg, Pa.
April 19, 1895.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.
The undersigned having been appointed assignee of Wm. Mansfield, and Amanda, his wife, of Ashville borough, Pa., in trust for the benefit of creditors, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said Wm. Mansfield to make immediate payment, and persons having claims to present them according to law.

J. J. RHODDY,
Assignee,
Ashville, Pa.
J. F. McKenrick,
Attorney for Assignee,
Ebensburg, Pa.
April 19, 1895.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of Philip Farren, deceased.
Letters of administration upon the estate of Philip Farren, deceased, late of Munster township, in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

H. P. FARREN,
Munster, Pa., April 12, 1895.X Administrator.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
Established 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS.

EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.

A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

Established 1858.

Carrolltown Bank,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

A. E. Patton, President. *Wm. H. Sandford, Cashier.*

THE

First National Bank

OF PATTON.

PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa.

Capital, paid up, - - $50,000.

Accounts of Corporations, Firms and Individuals received upon the most favorable terms consistent with safe and conservative Banking.

Steamship Tickets for sale by all the leading Lines and Foreign Drafts payable in any of the principal cities of the Old World.

All correspondence will have our personal and prompt attention.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

oct13.93

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils,

Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,

PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.

oct18.89ly.

S. L. REED. MATTHEW READE.

REED & READE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.
☞Office on Centre street. [4.28.93

KITTELL & LITTLE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
☞Office in Opera House. 2.9.94

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.
☞Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. oh7.'80

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, - PA
☞Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
☞Offices in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.
☞Office in Opera House, Center street.

FOR ARTISTIC

JOB PRINTING

TRY THE FREEMAN.

Mountain House

STAR SHAVING PARLOR!

CENTRE STREET, EBENSBURG

THIS well-known and long established Shaving Parlor is now located on Centre street, opposite the livery stable of O'Hara, Davis & Luther, where the business will be carried on in the future. SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOOING done in the neatest and most artistic manner. Clean Towels a specialty.
☞Ladies waited on at their residences.
JAMES H. GANT,
Proprietor.

Choice Plants and Cut Flowers.

Funeral Designs at Short Notice.

ADOLPH STAHL,
NO. 432 MAIN STREET,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.
4.12.95.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency

T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent,

EBENSBURG, PA.

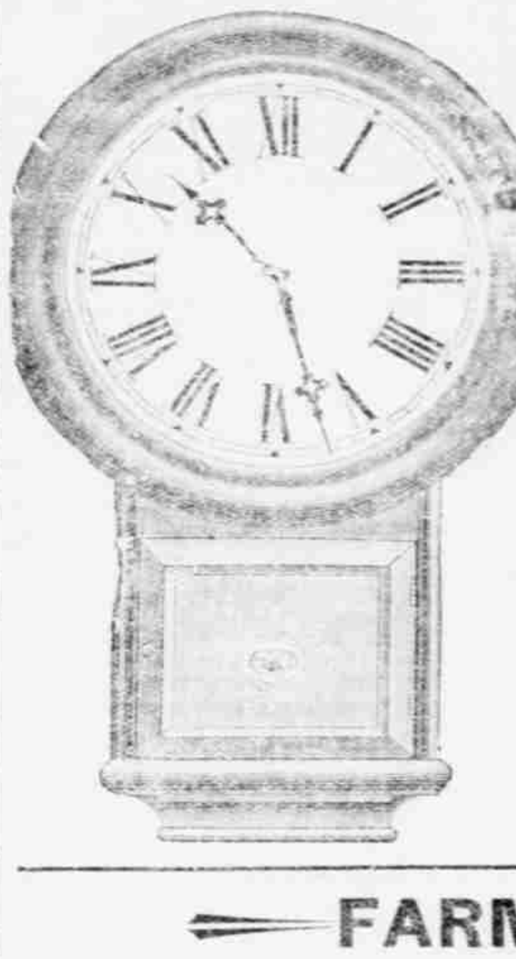
WANTED RELIABLE MEN to sell our choice and complete line of Nursery Stock. Highest salary and commission paid weekly. Paying and permanent position guaranteed and success assured to good men. Special inducements to beginners. Experience not necessary. Exclusive territory and your own choice of same given. Do not delay. Apply to
ALLEN NURSERY CO.,
mch8.4m. Rochester, N. Y.

CARL RIVINIUS,

—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

—AND DEALER IN—



WATCHES, CLOCKS,

JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

—AND—

OPTICAL GOODS.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE

CELEBRATED ROCKFORD

WATCHES.

Colombia and Fredonia Watches

In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY ALWAYS ON HAND.

☞My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

☞All work guaranteed.

CARL RIVINIUS.

FARMERS!

TAKE NOTICE

When you want **GOOD FLOUR** take your grain to the **OLD SHENKLE MILL** in Ebensburg. The

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

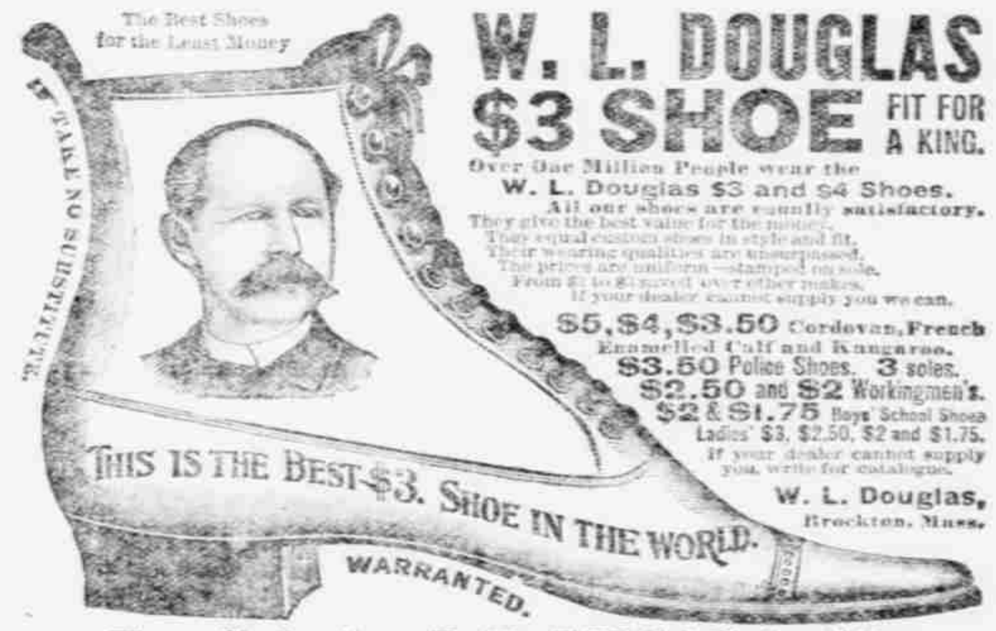
for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

S. D. LUDWIG,

PROPRIETOR.



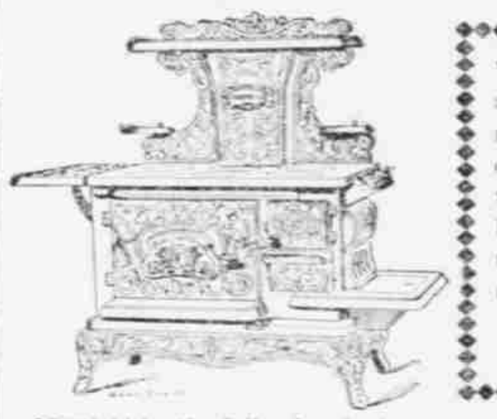
The Best Shoes for the Least Money
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.
THIS IS THE BEST $3. SHOE IN THE WORLD.
WARRANTED.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FIT FOR A KING.

Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas $3 and $4 Shoes.
All our shoes are equally satisfactory.
They give the best value for the money.
They equal custom shoes in style and fit.
Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed.
The prices are uniform—stamped on sole.
From $1 to $3 saved over other makes.
If your dealer cannot supply you we can.
$5, $4, $3.50 Cordovan, French Enamelled Calf and Kangaroo.
$3.50 Police Shoes. 3 soles.
$2.50 and $2 Workingmen's.
$2 & $1.75 Boys' School Shoes
Ladies' $3, $2.50, $2 and $1.75.
If your dealer cannot supply you, write for catalogue.
W. L. Douglas,
Brockton, Mass.

For Sale by J. D. LUCAS & CO.

ASK ANY WOMAN



Who uses the Cinderella Range, what its advantages are over the ordinary cooking range, and she will tell you that it is an even baker, browns nicely on top and bottom, and is economical in the use of fuel. It does its work quicker, better and with the least expense of any range upon the market.

Their Cleanliness Lessons Labor.
Their Economy Saves Money.

☞Sold by the following dealers:
Ebensburg—H. A. Shoemaker. Carrolltown—P. J. Dietrich. Hastings—I. E. Bender. Spangler—E. M. Binder. Patton—A. M. Thomas. [feb22.95]

IT WILL PAY YOU

To go to **QUINN'S,** Clinton street, Johnstown, to buy Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Feathers, &c. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and **FREIGHT PAID** on All Large Packages.

JAMES QUINN.

DENTISTRY

In all its Latest and Most Improved Methods.

Automatic Suction Cavities, Iluminum Plates, Crowns and Bridges.
Teeth Extracted Absolutely Without Pain by using Prof. May's E. B.
☞Eighteen years' experience. First Class Work Done at the Most Reasonable Rates. All Work Warranted.
☞Terms Strictly Cash.

DR. A. LAINO.

[12.14.94] Office on Main Street, second door north of M. E. Church, Gallitzin, Pa.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following petitions for the transfer of liquor licenses have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria county and will be presented for its consideration on MONDAY, MAY 6TH, 1895:

Petition of William A. Mellon for the transfer of license granted to E. A. Melton in Patton borough.

Petition of Thomas McCrossin for the transfer of license granted to H. C. Beck in Patton borough.

Petition of Andrew Schoemaker for the transfer of license granted to Michael Schell in Reade township.

I. C. DARBY,
Ebensburg, Pa., April 19, 1895. Clerk Q. S.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE.

F. X. FEES'

Shaving Parlor,

Main Street, Near Post Office

☞The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving parlor on Main street, near the post office where barbering in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean.
Your patronage solicited.
F. X. FEES.

THE INCOME TAX CASES

Original Decision Stands Pending a Rehearing.

THE GRANTING OF THE MOTION

Very Pleasing to the Officials of the Treasury Department—A General Belief That Justice Jackson Is Predisposed In Favor of the Law.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—It is understood that the decision of the supreme court to permit an oral argument on the motion for a rehearing in the income tax cases was based upon information received by Chief Justice Fuller direct from Justice Jackson, indicating the probability of his being able to attend upon the sitting of the court early in May.

It is understood that the decision of the court to depart from its almost unbroken custom of deciding upon the advisability of hearing a motion for rehearings, without inviting further suggestions from counsel than is contained in the brief written statements filed in these cases is due to the appreciation, which the members have of the vast importance of the income tax cases and to their desire to have it understood by the public that they are not disposed to place any obstacle in the way of the fullest possible presentation of the case.

In the meantime the original decision will be allowed to stand as the law, and it is understood that the full text of the chief justice's opinions will soon be given to the public.

Nothing is known as to whether or not, if a rehearing is ordered, it will take place at this term of court. Ordinarily the court would take a recess from May 6th for two weeks and then adjourn until next October, but it is within its discretion to continue the term indefinitely, and it is not impossible that it may be extended in the event a rehearing is decided upon, especially if it should appear upon Justice Jackson's arrival that his health is sufficiently robust to permit him to take upon himself the responsibility of sitting through an argument on the merits of the case and the extra work of assisting in the preparation of a decision. The strong desire of the government and of the public for a final judicial settlement of the income tax question may influence the court to depart from its custom and sit later than the month of May.

The news of the action of the court was received at the treasury department with much satisfaction, especially as it was announced that Mr. Justice Jackson would be present and take part in the determination of the question. This order of the court is regarded by some of the officials as almost conclusive that a reargument will be granted. Without any positive knowledge on the subject, it seems to be the general belief that Justice Jackson is predisposed in favor of the constitutionality of the law, and hence would be very likely to vote for a rehearing, thus making a clear majority in favor of granting the petition. A rehearing is earnestly desired by the income tax officials as, with a full bench, there necessarily would be a full majority, either for or against the law, which would certainly have the effect of doing away with the vast amount of litigation now promised. As to the chances of the courts deciding adversely to the law, the officials feel little uneasiness. They argue that the direct tax question which some members of the court regarded as deeply involved was hardly touched upon in the argument of the case on behalf of the government, its counsel assuming that the court hardly desire discussion of a subject which they thought by reason of a long line of decisions had ceased to be an open question.

Willing to Split the Difference.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., April 24.—At a massmeeting of miners of the Springfield sub-district resolutions were passed by almost unanimous vote that the miners would insist on at least 40 cents per ton, gross, the coming summer. The present rate is 45 cents, but the operators have decided to reduce it to 35 cents on May 1.

The Curzons at McLean's House.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Hon. George N. Curzon and his bride, nee Miss Leiter, are at the suburban home of Mr. John R. McLean, near the president's country house. They will sail Saturday. Lord Lamington, Sir James and Lady Miller and Mr. Frank Curzon left here to sail today.

Roosevelt to Go to New York.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Civil Service Commissioner Roosevelt has decided to accept one of the police commissionerships for the city of New York, tendered to him by Mayor Strong, certain questions which had caused him to hesitate having been arranged satisfactory.

Royal Arcanum Grand Council.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., April 24.—The seventeenth annual session of the Grand council of the Royal Arcanum has opened here, with an attendance of about 300 delegates, representating every part of the state of New York. The delegates are accompanied by their wives to the number of more than 100.

Boy on Trial For Murder.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Charles Kannegieser, 16 years old, has been placed on trial before Judge Cowing, in Part III of general sessions, for assault in the first degree. The charge is that the defendant killed Charles Jerolman, a lad of about the same age, on Feb. 18 last, in a fight.

Carl Browne Roundly Scored.

MASSILLON, O., April 24.—Carl Browne, the Commonwealer, refused to testify against Policeman Seaman and Councilman Graze, whom he had charged With riotous conduct a few days ago. Other witnesses exonerated them and they were discharged. Browne was roundly scored.

Rioting Among Chinese Soldiers.

LONDON, April 24.—A dispatch to The Times from Hongkong, says there has been rioting among the Chinese soldiers in the northern portion of the island of Formosa and that 28 persons, including two officers, have been killed and in addition 50 persons were wounded.

A Savings Bank Closed.

NEW HAVEN, April 24.—The Dime Savings bank at Willimantic, Conn., has closed. The last bank commissioners report of this state shows that the Savings bank had, on Oct. 1, 2,877 depositors, $626,591 on deposit and a surplus of about $23,000.

Society Man Accused of Theft.

MONTREAL, April 24.—Edgar Nelton, an American variety performer, has caused the arrest of Dr. Cameron, one of Montreal's society physicians, charging him with the theft of a $4,000 stamp collection.

Sentenced to a Second Term.

CONCORD, N. H., April 24.—James McAvoy of this city, aged 19 years, a criminal with one state prison sentence on his record, has been sentenced to ten years in the state prison for burglary.

Eckels Declines the Offer.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—James H. Eckels, comptroller of the currency, has declined an offer to become financial editor of the Chicago Times-Herald at a large salary.

Lincoln's Birthday a Legal Holiday.

ALBANY, April 24.—In the assembly the bill to make Lincoln's birthday a legal holiday has passed without a dissenting vote.

GREATER PITTSBURG BILLS.

They Pass the House With a Rush Legislative Matters.

HARRISBURG, April 24.—Greater Pittsburg is assured. The rapidity with which the three annexation bills went through the house on second reading was one evidence of this. Representative Tilbrook of McKees port, who has been the leader of the opposition, told one of the Pittsburg members he had given up the fight. He will die game, however, and make a last protest against what he still terms an iniquitous measure.

An important conference was held last night and an agreement reached on the Smith bill providing for the distribution of the common school appropriations. It will be passed finally in the house, with the understanding it is to be amended in the senate. The measure so provides that two-thirds of the appropriation will be distributed on the basis of the resident taxables and the other third on the number of teachers actually employed for a full term.

The bill will be amended so as to make the basis of distribution on the number of children in a district between the age of 6 and 21. This system is in use in 28 states. Among these are Ohio, Illinois, Kansas, Indiana, West Virginia, Wisconsin, Maine and nearly all of the southern and northwestern states. Districts that do not raise by taxation 50 per cent of the appropriation received by them will be cut from state aid, except under one condition. The exception is made in districts where the maximum school tax of 13 mills is levied, and that, together with the state appropriation distributed on the above basis, is not sufficient to keep the schools open six months.

In these cases the superintendent of public instruction is authorized to make an arbitrary allotment sufficient to keep the schools open for six months. This affects only the appropriations made by this legislature. Under the present basis the rate given to each child ranges from $4 in some districts to $8 in others. A committee, composed of two Philadelphia members, two granger representatives and one Pittsburger, will be chosen to draft the amendment.

Today the house committee on ways and means reported the proposed revenue bill with amendments. The changes are important, and indicate that the committee realizes the precarious condition of the measure. It has decided to strike out entirely the provision imposing a tax of 1 mill on manufacturing corporations, building and loan associations, and purely mutual insurance associations without capital stock or cumulative reserve, the latter class embracing the farmers' mutual fire insurance companies. Chairman Riter also suggested an amendment which was agreed to, providing that the entire amount of money reverting to the sub-divisions at once, shall be diverted from the state treasury gradually, in order not to seriously affect the state's resources.

Under the bill as framed by the tax conference, it was proposed to have the personal property tax, mercantile, billiard, brokers, peddlers, theater and circus and other licenses, with the tax on writs, wills and deeds, and net earning of bankers and brokers amounting to $1,480,000 annually, collected by the counties, cities, boroughs, and townships for their own use, but the amendment changes this division of this revenue so that one-fourth will go to the sub-divisions next January, one half in January, 1897, and the rest a year later. It is believed that this arrangement will prevent any falling off in revenue, and meet all objection. With these changes however, the prediction is made that will the bill be killed.

A conference was held by Governor Hastings and his cabinet with Chairman Marshall of the house appropriation committee, in which the statement of the estimated revenues for the next two years, made by State Treasurer Jackson, was gone over and verified. As it now stands, with every economy, there will be but $200,000 for charities not directly under state control. In response to an inquiry Attorney General McCormick said that the proposed tax on beer is constitutional, but Mr. Marshall thought that the cost of collecting the tax would almost eat up the revenue from that source.

The Farr compulsory education bill passed finally in the senate. It is thought the governor will sign it.

These bills passed finally: To repeal the act of 1873 regulating the salaries of criers and tipstaves, substituted by Senator Flinn for the bill to repeal acts relating to road supervisors, road taxes, viewers and surveyors in Allegheny county; to make it the duty of recorders of deeds to record and return deeds, mortgages and other instruments of writing within 90 days; to provide for incorporation of companies to construct tunnels and underground passage ways; to extend the act relating to certain contracts for the lease or conditional sale of railroad equipment to street railway companies; to permit the taking of one acre, instead of one-half acre, as provided by law, of certain burial places for school purposes; to authorize the keeping in proper repair by county commissioners of course or bed of any public road within their respective counties leading to either end of a county bridge erected across any river in this state and to reconstruct the same; for the relief of Charles H. Byman of the Fifteenth regiment, national guard, who was disabled at Homestead in 1892 by malarial fever; to provide for the employment of a skilled stenographer in the adjutant general's department; for the relief of tax collectors; to reduce taxation on realestate and to equalize the same between real and personal property.

Mr. Douthett's bill to establish a state schoolbook board and to provide for the purchase of schoolbooks by local boards passed finally.

The bill to exempt sewing machines, leased or hired, from levy or sale on execution for distress or rent, also passed finally.

Foundry and Smelting Works Burned.

LANCASTER, Pa., April 24.—Fire has destroyed the foundry and smelting department of the Chalfant Manufacturing company's works, on the outskirts of this city. The loss will reach between $7,000 and $15,000, on which there is $7,000 insurance. It is thought that the fire originated from a spark in the smelting works.

Oil Market at a Standstill.

LIMA, April 24.—The oil market has stopped declining and is stationary. The decline has checked operations except those actually begun. The wildcat wells have not developed what was expected. The market will have to hug the $1 mark very closely to make them paying ventures.

Towboats Strike Bridge Piers.

ASHLAND, Ky., April 24.—The towboats Onward and I. N. Bunton of Pittsburg, with tows owned by C. Jutte & Co. of that place, struck the piers of the Kenova, West Virginia, Norfolk and Western railway bridge in a heavy fog and sank 13 barges. Of these the Onward lost seven.

Congregational Association Meeting.

BALTIMORE, April 24.—The Congregational association of New Jersey is holding its twenty-seventh annual meeting today. The New Jersey association embraces the Congregational chuches of that state and of Maryland, Virginia, District of Columbia and Pennsylvania.

Favor Fighting Pennsylvania Operators.

COLUMBUS, April 24.—The state coal miners' convention is to be held here May 1. The executive committee favor fighting Western Pennsylvania coal operators by lowering price of mining in Ohio.

Sick Congressmen Better.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Mr. Hitt of Illinois and General Cogswell of Massachussetts, the sick congressmen, are both reported slightly better.

GREAT BRITAIN ACTS.

Two Warships Arrive at Corinto, Nicaragua.

TO ENFORCE INDEMNITY DEMAND.

The United States Will Await Developments—A Belief That No Attempt Will Be Made by the British to Secure Any Nicaraguan Territory.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The Nicaraguan minister has received a cablegram from his government, announcing the arrival at Corinto, Nicaragua, of two British warships, with the expressed purpose of enforcing the demands contained in the British ultimatum. Just how this is to be done, the minister was not informed. The indications now are that Nicaragua will offer a passive resistance to the British demands for some time at least, and meanwhile the United States will do nothing but await the developments of events, unless the British take some action that effects our purely selfish interests, such as interfering with our shipping, or other interests of American citizens.

This attitude is assumed in the full confidence that no attempt will be made by the British to secure any Nicaraguan territory, no matter what course she may be obliged to pursue to accomplish her purpose of collecting the "smart money" demanded for the expulsion of Vice Consul Hatch. There is reason to believe that not only the Nicaraguan affair, but the whole subject of the extent of the protection to be extended by the United States to the sister republics of Central and South America has been very earnestly and deliberately discussed by the president with his full cabinet, and that the attitude as assumed in the case of Nicaragua, may be taken as an indication of the line of policy to be adopted for the treatment of all questions arising between the European powers and these republics having such a basis as the present Nicaraguan incident.

A POLITICAL REUNION.

The G. A. R. Men Preparing to Hold One at Caldwell, O.

CALDWELL, O., April 24.—The publication of the call for the national soldiers' reunion, to be held here on June 14 and 15 next, and the political tone injected into the document by the national committee to the effect that the men who saved the government should be a factor in its administration, and that the time has arrived when they should get together, formulate their principles and make their demands, has already resulted in an avalanche of letters pouring down upon the promoters of the reunion from veterans all over the country. Many of these deprecate any effort in the direction of mixing sentiment with politics, or of mixing up the ex-soldiers of the war, as such, in a political movement, but the majority commend the call and re-echo its sentiments.

The national committee gives out the following: "In response to letters from every quarter asking for the basis or plan of representation the following instructions are given: Every state is expected and requested to hold a state convention for itself on May 30, and there and then choose its own delegates to the national reunion. Each state may send as many as it deems proper, but no state shall have more or less than two votes in the convention, though all shall have a voice and be present at the proceedings to the end, that every state may have equal power to decide how the soldier vote of the union shall be cast in 1896. This is the great and only object of the gathering, the crystalization and solidification of the soldier vote."

Miners Working For an Advance.

PHILLIPSBURG, Pa., April 24.—At the massmeeting of the miners of the Clearfield region, at Ramey, no action was taken except to indorse the work of the delegates at Dubois and to hear reports. The notice posted on Sunday by direction of the operators, warning all men who left the mines to attend the meeting that they would be discharged, kept many from attending the meeting. In the Beech Creek region all the operators have received notice from their employes, requesting an advance of 5 cents a ton. No meetings will be held until after the operators are heard from. Action will then be taken at the convention to be held in Houtzdale on May 2. Operators say that any advance is impossible at this time.

Childs Rejoins the Clevelands.

CLEVELAND, April 24.—Second Baseman Childs of the Cleveland Baseball club, who left the club at Cincinnati and came here to see President Robinson because of dissatisfaction in regard to his salary, has affixed his signature to a Cleveland contract. Childs has left for St. Louis where he will at once rejoin the Spiders. To a reporter the president of the club declined to state on what terms Childs had signed, but said it was at the figures named by the club management. He added that Childs had been docked for the time lost by his desertion.

Umpire Lynch Resigns.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Umpire Lynch has resigned as the outcome of having fined Captain Davis $125 on Saturday for questioning one of his decisions. President Young ordered Lynch away from New York, although he had been scheduled for nine games here. Lynch chose to resign rather than to accept this dictum, holding that if the rules adopted by the National league are not to be lived up to he does not desire to be a member of the staff of umpires.

Excitement Among the Passengers.

NAPLES, April 24.—A collision has occurred in the harbor here between the steamer Cyrenian, Captain Cain, from Antwerp, and the Anchor line steamer Boliva, Captain Baxter, which was en route to New York with 1,100 emigrants on board. There was great excitement among the passengers for a time, but nobody was hurt. The Boliva was considerably damaged.

Union Label Not a Trade Mark.

ST. LOUIS, April 24.—The case of the State vs. Nathan Baileuzheimer, who was convicted in the St. Louis criminal court of counterfeiting the "Union label" of the Cigarmakers union, reversed the finding of the lower court, on the grounds that a trade mark must be a mark of label used by a certain party to designate his goods. The "Union label" is not a trade mark.

Declared For a Gold Standard.

LEXINGTON, Ky., April 24.—The Republicans of Woodford county, Senator Blackburn's home, have met his ultra silver interview with the most radical utterance heard this year from anti-free coinage ranks. In their convention to select delegates to the state convention they declared at length in unequivocal terms for "a single gold standard," with only one dissenting vote.

Prince Adolf's Regency Confirmed.

BERLIN, April 24.—A dispatch from Detmold, Lippe, states that the diet of that principality has confirmed the regency of Prince Adolf of Schaumburg-Lippe, pending a judicial settlement of the dispute regarding the succession.

Green Goods Men Arrested.

PHILADELPHIA, April 24.—G. W. Robinson, John Brash and Samuel Wilkinson, notorious New York green goods men, have been inveigled to this city by a decoy message and are now locked up at police headquarters.

Decided For the Company.

PHILADELPHIA, April 24.—Judge Dallas has filed an opinion in the United States circuit court in favor of the Gettysburg Electric Railway company in the dispute over the taking of land by the government to preserve the battlefield. Judge Butler filed a dissenting opinion. The argument took place last month.

Accused of Embezzlement.

FALL RIVER, Mass., April 24.—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Thomas P. Borden, treasurer of the Metacomet and Annawan mills of this city, charging him with the embezzlement of $6,913.86 from the Metacomet mills.

A North Carolina Bank Robbed.

RALEIGH, April 24.—The Farmers' bank, at Roxboro, has been robbed and all the money in the safe taken. The amount realized by the robbers is unknown and there is no clue. A reward of $1,000 is offered for the robbers.

Requisition For Perry Honored.

TRENTON, April 24.—Governor Werts has granted an order on the sheriff of Hudson county to turn over to the New York authorities Trainrobber Oliver Curtis Perry, who escaped from the Matteawan criminal insane asylum.

For a New Ship Canal.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., April 24.—Representative Ellsworth has introduced a bill in the legislature, looking to the construction of a ship canal from Lake Michigan to the Mississippi river.

Trying to Strengthen the Cordage Pool

CHICAGO, April 24.—An effort is being made to draw into the cordage pool the half dozen or more western manufacturers who have been fighting the trust for the past two years.

A Cashier Short $75,000.

CHARLOTTE, S. C., April 24.—James R. Holland, cashier of the Merchants' and Farmers' National bank of this city, has been discovered short in his accounts to the amount of $75,000.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES

At Washington— R H E
Washington ..3 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—4 4 [illegible]
Boston ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 8 [illegible]

Batteries—Maguire and Maul; Warner and Wilson. Umpire—Keefe. Attendance, 7,000.

At Brooklyn— R H E
Brooklyn.......2 0 0 3 0 1 1 2 1—10 17 [illegible]
New York ......0 3 3 0 0 0 0 1 0—7 15 [illegible]

Batteries—Dailey and Kennedy; Schriver, German and Rusie. Umpires—Meekin and Mulvey. Attendance, 3,000.

At Baltimore— R H E
Baltimore ......5 2 1 1 1 3 2 1 *—16 18 [illegible]
Philadelphia...1 1 1 1 0 0 0 4 2—10 16 [illegible]

Batteries—Robinson, Esper and Gleason; Weyhing and Buckley. Umpires—Murray and Campbell.

At Cincinnati— R H E
Cincinnati .....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1—3 11 [illegible]
Pittsburg ......0 1 1 0 0 0 4 0 0—6 6 1

Batteries—Merritt and Parrott; Snyder and Hawley. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance, 5,300.

At St. Louis— R H E
St. Louis.......0 0 0 6 0 2 5 0 *—13 8 8
Cleveland ......2 0 1 0 0 5 0 2 1—11 15 [illegible]

Batteries—Peitz and Ehret; Zimmer and Cuppy. Umpire—Betts. Attendance, 3,500.

At Louisville— R H E
Louisville.......0 4 0 0 3 3 0 8 0—18 22 [illegible]
Chicago ....1 0 0 5 1 0 3 6 4—14 14 [illegible]

Batteries—Cote and Luby; Kittridge and Griffith. Umpire—McDonald. Attendance, 1,642.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pc.		W.	L.	Pc.
Pittsburg	3	1	.750	Chicago	2	2	.500
Cincinnati	3	1	.750	Louisville	2	2	.500
Boston	2	1	.667	New York	1	2	.333
Brooklyn	2	1	.667	Washington	1	2	.333
Baltimore	2	1	.667	Philadelphia	1	2	.333
St. Louis	2	2	.500	Cleveland	0	[illegible]	[illegible]

League Games Today.

Pittsburg at Cincinnati, Boston at New York, Brooklyn at Baltimore, Philadelphia at Washington, Cleveland at St. Louis and Chicago at Louisville.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, April 23.

WHEAT—No 1 red, 63@64c; No 2 red, 62@63c.

CORN—No 2 yellow ear, 51@51½c; mixed ear, 49@50c; No 2 yellow shelled, 51½@52½c.

OATS—No 1 white, 35@35½c; No 2 do, 35½; 35@36c; extra No 3 white, 35@35½c; mixed, 34@34½c.

HAY—Choice timothy, $12@12.25; No. 1 timothy, $11.00@11.50; mixed clover and timothy, $11.00@11.50; packing, $6.50@7.00. No. 1 feeding prairie, $8.00@8.50; wagon hay, $14@15.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 24@25c; Ohio fancy creamery, 20@21c; fancy country, roll 15@16c; low grades and cooking, 9@10c.

CHEESE—Ohio mild, 9@10c; New York fall make, 10½@11c; limberger, fall make, 11@12½c; Wisconsin Swiss, 13@13½c; Ohio Swiss, 10@11c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio in cases, 12½@13c; goose eggs, 40@50c; duck, 18@20c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 60@65c per pair; live chickens, small, 40@45c; ducks, 65@75c per pair, as to size; dressed chickens, 11@12c per pound; turkeys, 14@15c per pound; ducks, 15@18c per pound; live turkeys, 11@12c per pound, live geese, 80c@1.00 per pair.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., April 23.

CATTLE—Receipts liberal for this week and with only a fair demand, while reports from other markets are not very encouraging. The market is opening up slow and prices a full quarter lower than last week. We quote market as follows: Prime, $5.60@6.00; good, $4.90@5.50; good butchers, $4.50@4.90; rough fat, $3.25@3.80, bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.60; fresh cows and springers, $15.00@35.00.

HOGS—Receipts are light today and the demand a little better; market firm at the following prices: Philadelphias, $5.25@5.30; mixed $5.15@5.20; best Yorkers, $5.10@5.15; common to fair Yorkers, $4.90@5.00; roughs, $3.00@4.50.

SHEEP—The receipts liberal and with a limited demand; the market is opening slow. Eastern markets not very encouraging. Wooled sheep are not wanted at all. We quote clipped sheep and lambs at lower prices. Extra, $4.00@4.10; good, $3.70@3.90; fair, $3.00@3.50; common, $1.50@2.00; best lambs, $4.90@5.10; good lambs, $4.40@4.65; fair lambs, $2.40@3.90; veal calves, $3.50@4.00; heavy and thin calves, $2.00@3.00; spring lambs, $4@7.

CINCINNATI, April 23.

HOGS—Market closed easy at $4.25@5.25; receipts, 1,200 head; shipments, 1,500 head.

CATTLE—Market strong at $2.00@5.50; receipts, 200 head; shipments, 200 head.

SHEEP—Market easy at $2.00@4.50; receipts, 600 head; shipments, none. Lambs market dull at $3.00@5.25.

NEW YORK, April 23.

WHEAT—Spot market irregular. No. 2 red store and elevator, 64⅛c; afloat, 66¼; f. o. b., 66¾c afloat; No. 1 hard, 72⅝c delivered.

CORN—Spot market weaker; No. 2, 51c store; steamer mixed, 52@52¼c; elevator, 53¼@53¾c delivered.

OATS—Spot market steady. No. 2, 32½@32¾; No. 2 delivered, 33½@33¾c; No. 3, 31¾@32c; No. 2 white, 36@37c; No. 3 white, 36c; track white western, 37@41c; track white state, 37@41c.

CATTLE—European cables quote American steers at 11½@12¼c per pound, dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 10@10½c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—No trading. Feeling firm.

HOGS—Market firm at $5.00@5.50.

The Weather.

Generally fair; warmer this evening; winds shifting to southerly.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Governor Matthews of Indiana believes the Republican party will nominate General Harrison for President.

While County Clerk John H. Lenhart was reading in his home at Decatur, Ind., some unknown person fired through the window, narrowly missing him.

Another victim of Cavelle, the matrimonial swindler, has turned up in the person of Mrs. Julia Fisher, formerly of Indianapolis.

John Liewool of Baltimore, in jumping from a meat rack had his eye pierced by a hook and was frightfully injured.

Otis Skinner, a well-known actor, and Miss Maude Durben were married at Corning, N. Y.

The charge of violating the contract labor law preferred in New York against Augustin Daly was dismissed by Judge Lacombe.

The case of Mrs. Girty against the Standard Oil company has been dismissed in Brooklyn.

The plaintiffs in the suit against the Cowles Electric company were granted a permanent injunction at Cleveland.

The notorious Helen Palacids tried to defraud the Fair estate, at San Francisco, by a forged will, claiming Fair had left her illegitimate son $200,000.

CHINAMEN IN COFFINS.

New Method of Smuggling Them Into the United States.

THE CASKETS ARE PERFORATED.

United States Customs Officials at Montreal Discover the Trick—The Corpses Gotten Away Attired as Females—One Customs Collector Ridicules the Story.

MONTREAL, April 24.—A novel mode of smuggling Chinamen into the United States has just been brought to light by the shrewd work of the United States customs officials in this city.

About a year ago an organized gang of smugglers was frightened off by the same officials, their chief point of operation then being Richford, Vt.

Not to be outwitted the leaders of the gang put their heads together, and last month devised another means of getting the Celestials across the lines. This time the wily Chinamen were consigned to rude pine coffins, with concealed air holes and with the aid of forged death certificates were safely shipped from St. John, N. B., to Vanceboro, Me., where the supposed corpses were claimed by one of the smugglers. After staying in hiding for several days the "corpse" attired as a female would be spirited away under cover of night, and before morning dawned was safely lodged in either Boston, Springfield or New York.

When this means of entrance into United States territory became generally known among the resident Chinaman at Vancouver, they took steps to instruct their countrymen from the Flowery Kingdom as soon as they arrived on the Pacific coast of the new manner of gaining access to the land of the free.

Arrived in Montreal, the Celestials were taken in hand by the smugglers, who shipped them this time to Quebec, and from there over the Intercolonial railway to St. John, N. B., where other members of the gang ran them into the states as dead Chinese.

A St. John special says: The collector of customs at this port, when shown the dispatch from Montreal about Chinamen having been smuggled from this city to the United States in perforated coffins, said the statement was perfectly absurd. Such a thing was an impossibility.

HEIR TO $2,000,000.

Son of an English Nobleman Found by an Ohio Lawyer.

MARIETTA, O., April 24.—Eppes Sargent, an attorney, has discovered through Mr. D. W. Dye of that city the whereabouts of the long lost son of Edward Alfred McDonald, son of Lord Greenville, England.

The mother of the boy was Lou Kountz of Washington county, who went to England, married McDonald, ran away from him, taking their son, whom she kept in seclusion while she lived an abandoned life in Columbus, O. McDonald died recently, willing $2,000,000 to this son. Mr. Dye married a half sister to Lou Kountz and was able to identify the boy.

Charges Against Waller.

PARIS, April 24.—The Soir states that ex-American Consul John L. Waller, who was brought from Madagascar to Marseilles under arrest, acted as the medium between the Hovas and the English for the conveyance of orders for munitions and arms. When France declared war against the Hovas, Waller, according to the Soir, acted as spy at Mojunga, and by means of waving different colored lanterns at night advised the Hovas of the movements of the French. This nearly resulted in 600 French troops falling into the hands of the army.

A Sensational Shooting Affair.

WHEELING, April 24.—A sensational scene occurred in the corridor of the Wallace hotel at Morgantown, when Sylvester Barker, a prominent Monongahela county timber man, attempted to kill George W. Johnson. He shot three times at him. It appears that Barker has been on a prolonged spree in Pittsburg, which has resulted in his mind becoming affected. He became impressed with the idea that Johnson had employed some one to poison him.

Two Men Killed.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 24.—William Moreriskie, a mine hand, and Stanislaus Steepeck, his laborer, have been instantly killed by a fall of rock in the Turn shaft at Pittston Junction. They had fired a shot, and were returning to the face of the chamber, when a mass of rock, weighing several tons, fell on them, crushing both men into a shapeless mass.

Strikers Go Back to Work.

WHEELING, April 24.—W. H. Chambers, the Elm Grove coal operator, has restored the wages at his mine to 60 cents. He had announced a reduction to 51 cents, and the men struck. All of the old hands returned to work this morning at the former rate, which is to hold good until the Pennsylvania district settles the rate, when the wages there will prevail here also.

Won't Bombard Corinto.

VICTORIA, B. C., April 24.—The rumor that the Royal Arthur, the flagship of the Pacific squadron, is to bombard Corinto, Nicaragua, is not credited in naval circles here. Officers of the Nymphe say they heard the same thing at San Francisco and laughed at it. The Arthur is expected here shortly, orders having been received to hold her mail here.

Lord Sholto Douglass Arrested.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., April 24.—Lord Sholto C. Douglass, son of the Marquis of Queensbury, has been arrested here charged with insanity. A short time ago he commenced visiting Bakersfield and became infatuated with a variety girl, and, it is said, became engaged to her. He went to the clerk's office and obtained a license to marry her. His friends heard of it and had him arrested for insanity.

Poisoned Herself and Daughter.

GUTHRIE, O. T., April 24.—Mrs. William Bartley of Hartshorn took a dose of arsenic and forced her 7-year-old daughter to swallow a like quantity of the drug. The mother is dead and the little girl is dying. No cause is known for the deed.

Buchanan Granted a Respite.

ALBANY, April 24.—Governor Morton has granted Dr. Buchanan a respite of one week. He was to have been electrocuted for wife murder today.

Ex-Senator Wilson Dead.

FAIRFIELD, Ia., April 24.—Ex-United States Senator James F. Wilson has died here, after an illness of some weeks.

Eisiminger Given a Respite.

HARRISBURG, April 24.—Governor Hastings has granted a respite to John Eisiminger of Green county for 30 days. Eisiminger was sentenced to be hanged on May 7.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

Best in the World! Get the Genuine! Sold Everywhere!

AGENTS WANTED by an old reliable firm; large profits, quick sales, SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Geo. A. Scott, 842 Broadway, N. Y.

WE ARE

STRIKING HARD !

It's turning things upside down, too, but people don't seem to mind it in this case. We are struggling for new trade and for money. To make such a strike effective we have to

SELL GOODS AT LOW PRICES,

and that we have the right line of goods and the correct prices will be fully demonstrated by a visit to our

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT!

IN OUR READY-TO-WEAR CLOTHING

We have all the newest designs in cloth—Tricost, Cassimeres, Imported Cheviots, fine Worsteds—handsome and stylish.

ALL THE LEADING STYLES

In Single and Double-Breasted Sacks and Cutaway Sacks and Frocks. Sizes range from 34 to 44.

IN OUR BOYS' DEPARTMENT

We have the most complete line of clothing in the county.

We can fit a man or child from head to foot.

MEN'S SUITS.

Few men's suits in dark colors, $2.50.

Men's suits, neat patterns, well made, $4.50.

Men's latest style Cheviot suits, $5.00.

Men's latest style Corkscrew, Cutaway and Sack, $6.00.

Men's fine nobby suits, light and dark colors, $7.00.

Men's fine Worsted suits, latest styles, $8.75.

YOUTHS' SUITS.

A good strong, well made suit, ranging in size from 14 to 19 years, $2.50.

A better grade, neat pattern, $3.00.

Latest style Cheviot suits, $4.50.

Fine nobby suits, light and dark colors, $6.00.

Fine Worsteds in Single and Double Breasted Sacks, $6.25.

CHILDREN'S SUITS.

Single Breasted Suits worth $1.25, will now sell for 75c.

Better grade, closing out at $1.00.

Our Double-Breasted suits are now selling at $1.50.

All Wool Double-Breasted suits, $2.00.

Fine Cheviot suits, all styles, $2.50.

MEN'S PANTS.

Men's working pants, lined throughout, 85c.

Men's Worsted pants, neat stripes, $1.00.

Men's fine Worsted pants, full size, $2.00.

Men's fine Cheviot pants, latest style, $2.50.

Men's fine nobby dress pants, latest style, $3.25.

YOUTHS' PANTS.

Youth's working pants, [illegible] 75c.

Better grade, in dark colors, [illegible]

Nobby dress pants, latest styles, $1.50 and $2.

CHILDREN'S KNEE PANTS.

We have just received a large assortment of knee pants ranging from [illegible]

SHOES:

Women's fine Dongola Button, [illegible] tip, $1.00.

Women's fine Dongola Button, [illegible] $1.25.

Women's Dongola, [illegible] made, looks stylish, [illegible]

Women's fine Dongola, [illegible] $1.75.

Women's fine and [illegible] $2.00.

Men's Veal Calf [illegible] sell for $2.00, $1.75.

Men's Lace and Congress [illegible] styles, $1.50.

Men's Vincl Kid, Lace and Congress, [illegible] sizes, $2.00.

Boys' and Youths' shoes from [illegible]

A FULL LINE OF HATS, CAPS, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, &C.

J. B. WILBER, EBENSBURG, PA.

LADIES!

Are you reckless enough to venture? If so, send two cents in stamps to the Mack Publishing Co., 528 and 530 Washington Street, New York, for one of their beautiful illustrated "Ladies' Books." It is a novel, unique, and interesting work to every person of refinement.

On receipt of ten cents in stamps they will send postpaid a full set of their famous household game Verba.

For ten cents they will also send a book containing complete words of "The Mikado," and music of its most popular songs, together with ten exquisite chromo cards.

QUINEPTUS!

A very pleasing, harmless glycyrrhized aromatic compound for disguising the taste of quinine and other bitter drugs, either solid or fluid. Price, 75 Cents per Pint Bottle. Prescribed by thousands of physicians in Europe and America. Formula accompanies every bottle. For Sale by Druggists.

Manufactured by

The Academic Pharmaceutic Co.,

LONDON AND NEW YORK.

532—536 WASHINGTON ST., NEW YORK CITY

ROYAL ELIXIR.

An elegant English pharmaceutical preparation for bilious, malarial and blood troubles; the result of over twenty-five years of most eminent scientific research.

Approved by the highest medical authorities. In use in the hospitals in every part of Europe. Especially helpful to ladies, children and people of sedentary habits.

Entirely vegetable; free from harmful drugs.

In Handsome Packages, Price 50 Cts.

Prepared solely by

The Royal Pharmaceutic Co.

LONDON AND NEW YORK.

Chemists by appointment to Her Majesty the Queen and to the Royal Family.

NEW YORK BRANCH:

130, 132, 134 Charlton St

ROYAL PILLS.

Same medicinal properties as Royal Elixir, in boxes, 30 pills to box, for 25 cents.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

REMEMBER THE BIG FOUR!

Vinegar Bitters CORDIAL, delicious taste, 50c.

Vinegar Bitters POWDERS, 50 doses, 50c.

Vinegar Bitters, new style, pleasant taste, $1.00

Vinegar Bitters, old style, bitter taste, $1.00

The World's Great Blood Purifier and Life Giving Principle.

Only Temperance Bitters Known.

The past fifth of a Century the Leading Family Medicine of the World.

VINEGAR BITTERS
VEGETABLE
FREE FROM
PURELY
ALCOHOL
DR. WALKER'S
CALIFORNIA
EUREKA
VINEGAR BITTERS

R. H. McDonald Drug Co., Proprietors,

SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK.

ASK YOUR HORSESHOER FOR THE

NEVERSLIP

THE ONLY SHOE FOR WINTER USE.

It ABSOLUTELY prevents slipping, and insures perfect safety and comfort to horse and driver.

Shod with the "Neverslip," your horse's feet are always in good condition—kept so by not having to constantly remove the shoes for sharpening.

The CALKS are REMOVABLE,

Steel-Centered and SELF-SHARPENING

When worn out new Calks can be easily inserted without removing shoes, saving an immense amount of time usually lost at the blacksmith shop.

On receipt of postal will mail free our descriptive circular containing prices of Calked Shoes, ready to be nailed on, for trial, offered this winter at very low prices.

EASTER

OFFERINGS

25c.—25C. NECKWEAR.—25c.

All the Latest Shapes and Fabrics are to be found in our line. We have made our selection the Standard. You can no better Neckwear in the county at 25 cents. A handsome line of Ne Plus Ultra and Firzozelle Silks in all desirable shapes at

50 CENTS.

Plain White Silk Handkerchiefs at 50 uents. Plain Black and a nice of Colored Silks at 50 cents each.

MULLEN,

The Clothier and Gents' Furnisher,

Cleveland St., LILLY, PA.

Going to Buy a Watch?

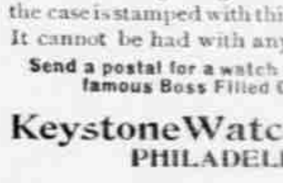
If so, buy one that cannot be stolen. The only thief-proof Watches are those with

Non-pull-out

BOWS.

Here's the Idea:

The bow has a groove on each end. A collar runs down inside the pendent (stem) and fits into the grooves, firmly locking the bow to the pendent, so that it cannot be pulled or twisted off.



To be sure of getting a Non-pull-out, see that the case is stamped with this trade mark. It cannot be had with any other kind.

Send a postal for a watch case opener to the famous Boss Filled Case makers.

Keystone Watch Case Co.,

PHILADELPHIA.

$300.00

FOR A NAME OF A

FLORAL WONDER.

For particulars see Vick's Floral Guide for 1895, which contains colored plates of Vick's Branching Aster, Sweet Peas, Vegetables, Hibiscus and Gold Flower. Honest illustrations; descriptions that describe, not mislead; hints on sowing and transplanting. Printed in [illegible] different colored inks. Mailed on receipt of 10 cents, which may be deducted from first order. Vick's Seeds contain the germ of life.

CHOICE

SWEET PEAS

Small Quantities at Wholesale Prices

40 Cents a Pound Postage Paid.

We have grown tons of Sweet Peas the past summer of a very fine quality to be able to give our friends a real treat. [illegible] varieties and colors mixed. Think of it, a pound only 40 cts.; half pound 25 cts.; quarter pound 15 cts.; ounce 10 cts.

GOLD FLOWER, Grand Bedder, Charming Pot Plant, and excellent for Borders.

THE NEWEST AND BEST RASPBERRY, COLUMBIAN

James Vick's Sons Seedsmen

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

From Pole to Pole

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has demonstrated its power of cure for all diseases of the blood.

The Harpooner's Story.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.—Twenty years ago I was a harpooner in the North Pacific, when five others of the crew and myself were laid up with scurvy. Our bodies were bloated, gums swollen and bleeding, teeth loose, purple blotches all over us, and our breath seemed rotten. Take it by and large we were pretty badly off. All our lime juice was accidentally destroyed, but the captain had a couple dozen bottles of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA and gave us that. We recovered on it quicker than I have ever seen men brought about by any other treatment for scurvy, and I've seen a good deal of it. Seeing no mention in your Almanac of your Sarsaparilla being good for scurvy, I thought you would like to know this, and so send you the facts.

Respectfully yours, [illegible]

The Trooper's Experience.

Masera, Basutoland, S. Africa, [illegible]

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